Supplementary Material Stefanie Stickel and Tin Tin Su doi: 10.1242/bio.20147161

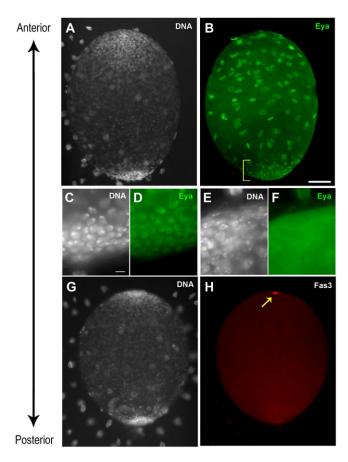


Fig. S1. Eya and Fas2 expression in cells of the male gonad. Gonads were dissected from male wandering 3rd instar y^1w^{1118} larvae, fixed and stained with antibodies against Eya (B,D,F) or Fas3 (H) and for DNA (A,C,E,G). Somatic Gonadal Precursors (SGPs) including a subset that forms the terminal body (yellow bracket) stain for Eya in (B, magnified in D). Hub cells and germline stem cells (GSCs) at the anterior pole do not show Eya stain (E,F). Instead, hub cells stain strongly for Fas3 (H, arrow). Scale bar: 50 μ m (A,B,G,H), 5.5 μ m in C–F.

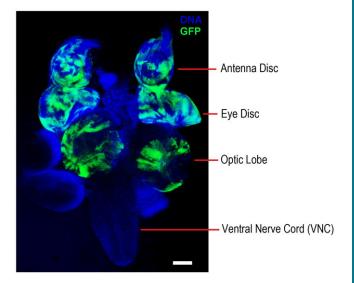


Fig. S2. Cephalic tissues that express GFP from eyFLP1. Tissues shown were dissected from 3rd instar larvae from a control eyFLP1 only cross (see Materials and Methods), fixed and stained for DNA. Bilateral expression of GFP is seen in eye antennae discs and the optic lobes but not the ventral nerve cord. Note the patchy expression of GFP as expected from clonal induction through mitotic recombination. Scale bar: 100 μm .