intercrossing	
	Cv2

Table S1. Number of mice with each genotype in Cv2+/-

28 (22.8)

11 (33.3)

9 (21.4)

40 (37.0)

\*All the neonates died soon after birth. Percentages are given in parentheses.

E14.5

E18.5

P0 Adult

		CVZ		
	+/+	+/-	-/-	
E12.5	35 (24.6)	77 (54.2)	30 (21.1)	

69 (56.1)

14 (42.4)

21 (50.0)

68 (63.0)

26 (21.1)

8 (24.2)

12 (28.6)\*

0(0)

 Phenotypes
 +/+ or +/- (n=15)
 -/- (n=9)

 Metopic suture
 Normal
 15
 0

 Less ossified
 0
 9

 Interparietal bone
 Normal
 15
 0

Small

Normal

Small

Small, not ossified

Normal

Presence of cavity

Normal

Lost

Normal

Malformed\*

Normal

Lost

Normal

Lost<sup>†</sup>

Normal

Thinner

Normal

No ribs attached

Normal

Malformed

Normal

Lost

Normal

Diastasis

<sup>1</sup>The arch of the 2nd cervical vertebra was lost in 33% (three in nine), almost lost in 22% (two in nine) and rudimental

\*Laryngeal cartilage malformation: the lessor horn was almost lost, the greater horn was slightly reduced and the

Cv2

9

n

4

5

0

9

0

9

0

9

0

9

n

9

0

9

0

9

2

7

n

9

6

n

15

n

0

15

n

15

0

15

n

15

n

15

n

15

0

15

0

15

0

15

n

15

0

Table S2. Penetrance of skeletal abnormalities in Cv2-/- mice

Supraoccipital bone

Laryngeal cartilage

Bronchial cartilage

Vertebral arch

Rib

Rib (T13)

Scapula

**Deltoid tuberosity** 

in 44% (four out of nine).

Symphysis of the pubic bone

thyroid cartilage was hollow in 100% (nine out of nine) of the mutant.

Retrotympanic process of the squamosal bone

Basisphenoid