Table S1. Locations of subducting tissues versus the anterior eye field in wild-type, cyc MO and silberblick embryos

Relative angle (degrees)

1 A C L - L +- --- -

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standard deviation.

Location	Wild-type	cyc MO	silberblick
Medial anterior eye field versus	30.29 (n=1)	5.56 (<i>n</i> =1)	19.52 (n=1)
initiation of keel formation*			
Medial anterior eye field versus	35.64±5.94 s.d. (n=3)	50.64±3.05 s.d. (n=3)	34.17±4.58 s.d. (n=6)
iviediai anterioi eye neid versus	33.04±3.34 S.G. (11=3)	30.04±3.03 S.d. (11=3)	34.17±4.30 3.0. (//=0)

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Medial anterior eye field versus 35.64±5.94 s.d. (n=3) 50.64±3.05 s.d. (n=3) 34.17±4.58 s.d. (n=6) posterior eye field[§]

Cell fates were identified by live movie tracing (*) or by in situ analysis (§) (Fig. \$1). Their locations, with respect to the medial anterior boundary

of the eye field, were compared at 80% epiboly (8.4 hpf) by measuring the intervening angle subtended at the embryonic centroid. s.d..