Disease genes	Gene product	E-value	Fly homolog	Fbgn#	RNAi phenotypes
Congenital myopathies					
NEB	Nebulin	6.30E-12	Lasp	FBgn0063485	Class I
ACTA1	Alpha-actin, skeletal	0	Act57B	FBgn0000044	Class IV
		0	Act42A	FBgn0000043	Class IV
		0	Act87E	FBgn0000046	Class IV
		0	Act5C	FBgn0000042	Class IV
TPM1; TPM2	Alpha, beta-tropomyosin	7.60E-45	Tm1	FBgn0003721	Ν
TNNT1	Slow troponin T	6.30E-06	up	FBgn0004169	Class III
MTM1	Myotubularin	0	mtm	FBgn0025742	Class II
RYR1	Ryanodin receptor	0	Rya-r44F	FBgn0011286	Class III
ITGA7	Integrin alpha7	6.00E-88	mew	FBgn0004456	Class I
Cardiomyopathies					
FHC1 (MYH6, MYH7)	Cardiac myosin heavy chain	0	Mhc	FBgn0002741	Class III
FHC2 (=TTNT2)	Cardiac troponin T		up	FBgn0004169	Class III
	Cardiac myosin binding				
FHC3 (MyBP-C)	protein-C	1.30E-69	sls	FBgn0003432	Class II
MYL2	Regulatory myosin light chain	2.00E-41	sqh	FBgn0003514	Class II
	chain	8.00E-27	mlc2	FBgn0002773	Class III
MYL3	Essential myosin light chain		mlc-c	FBgn0004687	N
	Cardiac troponin l	4.00E-04 3.00E-06		FBgn0004028	Class III
TNNI3 (=TNNCI)	Titin: myosin light chain	3.00E-00	wupA	FB9110004028	
FHC9	kinase	0	bt		Class III
CMD1G (=TTN)	Titin	0	bt	FBgn0005666	Class III
VCL	Vinculin	1.00E-92	Vinc	FBgn0004397	Class IV
ARVD2 (=RYR2)	Ryanodin receptor	0	Rya-r44F	FBgn0011286	Class III
G4.5	Tafazzin	2.00E-58	tafazzin	FBgn0026619	Class II
Muscular dystrophies					
DMD	Dystrophin	0	Dys	FBgn0024242	Ν
LMNA	LaminA/C	4.90E-79	Lam	FBgn0002525	Ν
DYSF	Dysferlin	2.20E-93	mfr	FBgn0035935	Ν
SGCG	Sarcoglycan, gamma	1.00E-43	Scgdelta	FBgn0025391	Ν
CAPN3	Calpain-3	1.00E-178	CalpB	- FBgn0025866	Class III
SGCA	Sarcoglycan, alpha	3.00E-13	Scgalpha	FBgn0032013	Ν
SGCD	Sarcoglycan, delta	6.00E-48	Scgdelta	FBgn0025391	Ν
TRIM32	TRIM32	7.00E-15	CG15105	FBgn0034412	Class II
LAMA2	Laminin alpha 2	0	wb	FBgn0004002	N

Table S1. Muscle disease genes, their Drosophila homologs and their primary RNAi muscle phenotypes

Human muscle disease genes were selected based on the gene lists from Bornemann and Goebel (Bornemann and Goebel, 2001), Clarkson et al. (Clarkson et al., 2004) for congenital myopathies; Seidman and Seidman (Seidman and Seidman, 2001) for cardiomyopathies; the MDA website (http://www.mdausa.org/disease/) and Dalkilic and Kunkel (Dalkilic and Kunkel, 2003) for muscular dystrophies. *Drosophila* genes that are homologous to human disease genes were chosen based on their protein homology with the lowest E value (and at least \leq -5) for a match to human protein (BLASTP) in Homophila (http://superfly.ucsd.edu/homophila/) (Chien et al., 2002), as well as their expression in muscle tissues (http://www.fruitfly.org/cgi-bin/ex/insitu.pl). Information on the dsRNAs targeting the *Drosophila* genes is available in Table S2 and from http://flymai.org/. The various phenotypic classes are indicated (see text).

N, no muscle phenotypes