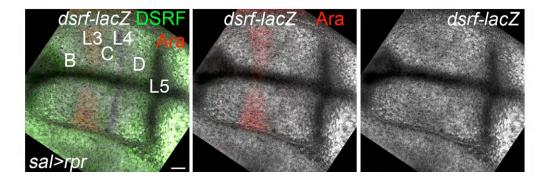
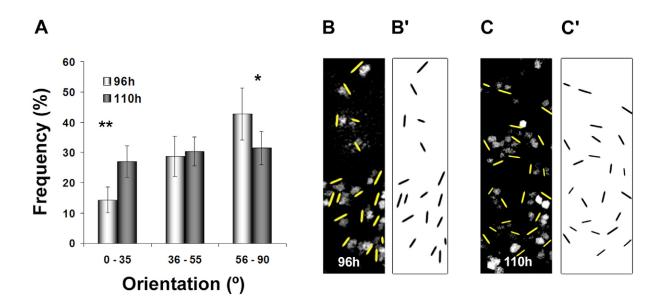


Fig. S1. Genetic alteration of Dpp and Hh signaling in early versus late third instar wing discs. (A,B) Temperature changes performed to activate transgene expression over time (first, second and third larval instars; pupa: onset of pupariation). (C)  $nub > tkv^{DN}$  at 78 hours. (D)  $nub > tkv^*$  disc at 78 hours. (E)  $nub > tkv^*$  at 105 hours. (F)  $nub > ptc^{\Delta 2}$  at 78 hours. Scale bars: 15  $\mu$ m.



**Fig. S2.** Cell lineage of *dsrf-lacZ* in *sal>rpr* discs 20 hours after cell death. The whole central domain was regenerated. Note that all B-L3-C-L4-D regenerated domains contained *dsrf-lacZ*. Only L5 lacked *dsrf-lacZ*, suggesting that this vein did not undergo respecification. Green, anti-DSRF; red, anti-Ara; gray, *dsrf-lacZ*. Scale bar: 15 μm.



**Fig. S3.** Clonal analysis in growing discs. (A) Distribution of two cell clones with respect to the DV boundary in the *ptc* domain of wing discs at 96 and 110 hours of development. ( $\mathbf{B}$ , $\mathbf{B}'$ ) Two cell clones in a 96-hour disc. ( $\mathbf{C}$ , $\mathbf{C}'$ ) Two cell clones in a 110-hour disc. Yellow and black lines in both B and C indicate clone orientation. \*P<0.001, \*\*P<0.005, Student's t-test.