

Fig. S1. Effect of *ex vivo* colcemid treatment on adult testis. Apical tip region of mock- (A) and colcemid- (B) treated testes after 1-hour incubation with DMSO or colcemid. (A', B') Images in (A) and (B), respectively, merged with images of Vasa and DAPI staining. Red: Vasa. Green: α -tubulin. Blue: DAPI. Asterisks (*) indicate the hub. Scale bars: 10 μ m. (C) GSC number per testis after *ex vivo* treatment with DMSO or colcemid for 6 hours. Error bar indicates s.d. P values were determined by two-tailed two-sample t-test..

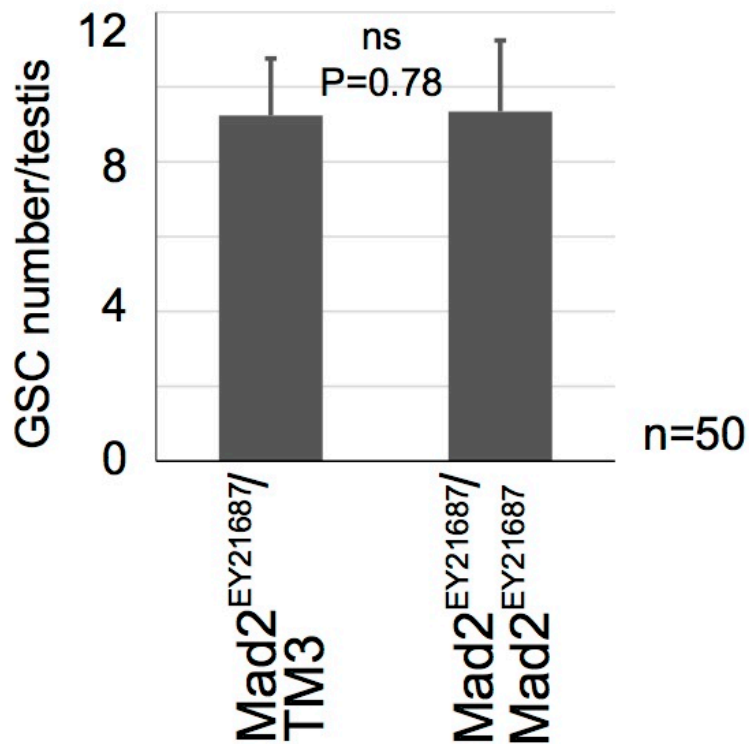


Fig. S2. GSC number in *mad2* mutant adult testis. GSC number per testis from *mad2* heterozygous and homozygous mutants. Error bar represents s.d.. P values were determined by two-tailed two-sample t-test.

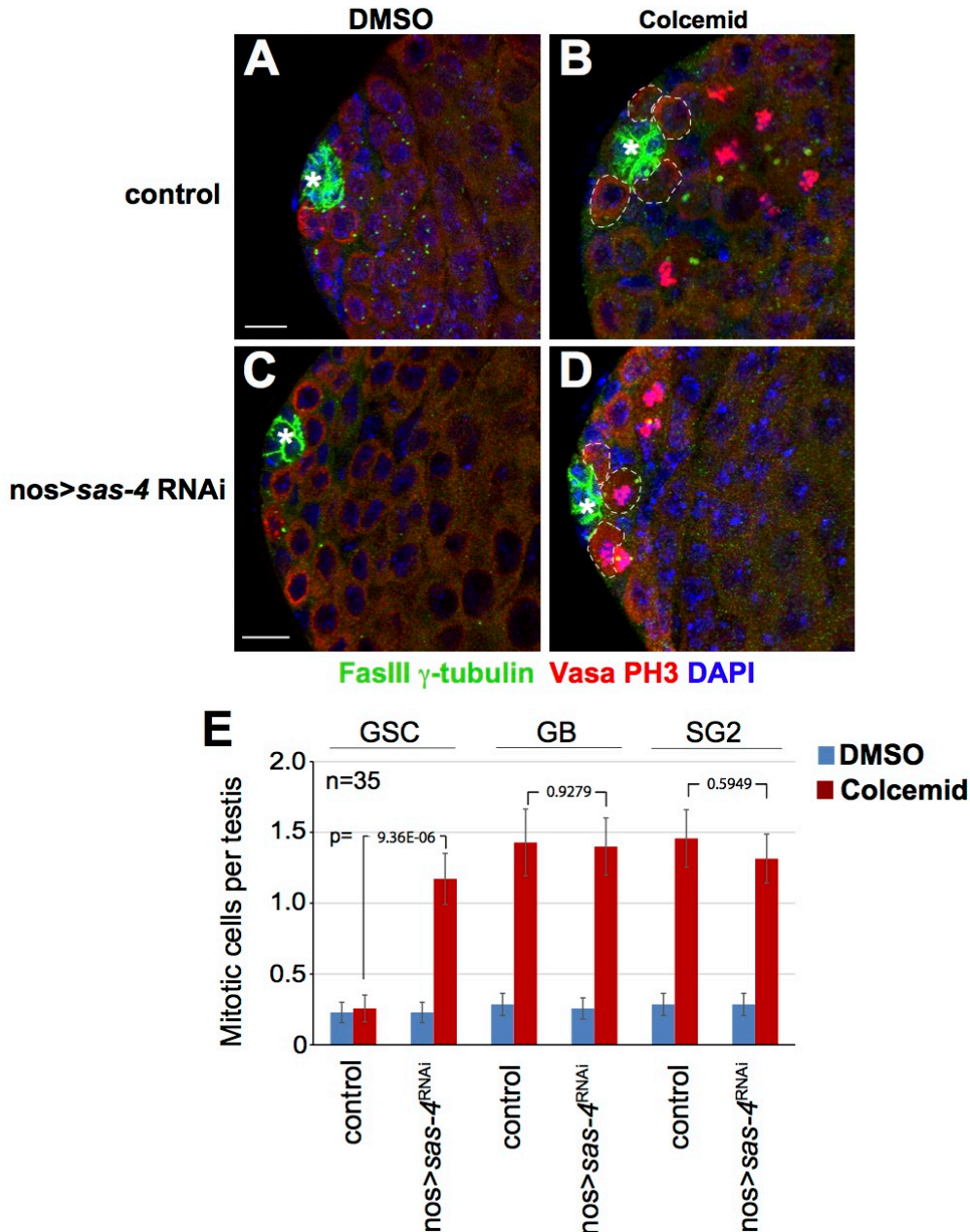


Fig. S3. RNAi-mediated knockdown of *sas-4* in GSCs abolishes G2 arrest upon microtubule (MT) depolymerization. (A-D) Examples of apical tip in mock-treated control (A), colcemid-treated control (B), mock-treated *nos-gal4>sas-4^{RNAi}* (TRiP.HMS01463) (C), and colcemid-treated *nos-gal4>sas-4^{RNAi}* testes after 4.5 hours. Red: Vasa, PH3. Green: FasIII, γ -tubulin. Blue: DAPI. Asterisks (*) indicate the hub. Scale bars: 10 μ m. (E) Mitotic index of germline cells from control and *sas-4^{RNAi}* adult testes after 4.5 hours of mock (DMSO) or colcemid treatment. Error bars indicate s.e.m. P values were determined by two-tailed two-sample t-test.