Supplemental Data

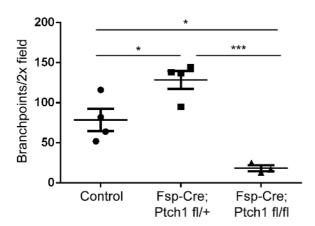


Fig. S1. Quantification demonstrating increased branching in *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/+} mutants, but reduced branching in *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} mutants.

Graph shows mean \pm SEM. * indicates p<0.05, and *** indicates p<0.001 by ANOVA/Tukey's test. Branch points were quantified with a representative 2x field for each gland. Cont

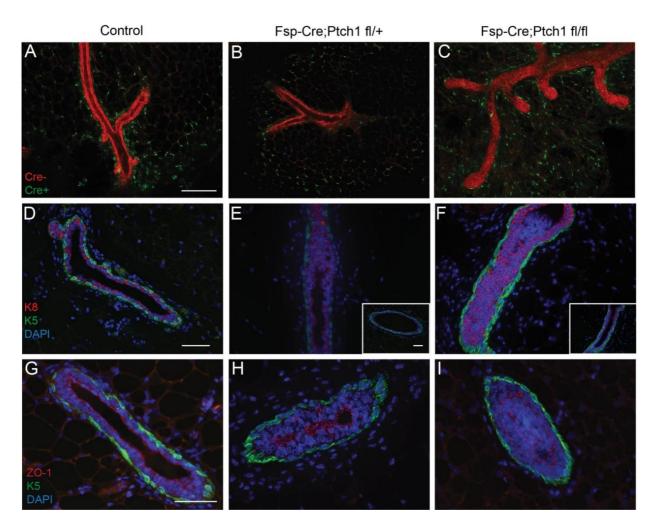


Figure S2. Fsp-Cre-mediated ablation of Ptch1 produces ducts filled with K8+ luminal cells, and aberrant microlumens.

A-C: 3D confocal reconstruction of A) *Fsp-Cre, mTmG* B) *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/+} and C) *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} ducts. *Cre* negative cells express TdTomato Red, and *Cre* positive cells express GFP. There are increased luminal cells inside the ducts of heterozygotes, while the homozygote displays completely filled-in ducts. Scale bar is 100 μm.

D-E: K5 (basal), and K8 (luminal) coimmunofluorescence of D) control E) *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/+} and F) *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} ducts, indicating that the cells filling the ducts of mutants are K8 positive. Insets display ducts with normal histology. Scale bar is 50 μm.

G-I: ZO-1 (apical and tight junction marker) and K5 costained G) control H) *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/+} and I) *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} ducts. The heterozygote displays extra staining in microlumens, while the homozygous mutant displays aberrant concentric staining.

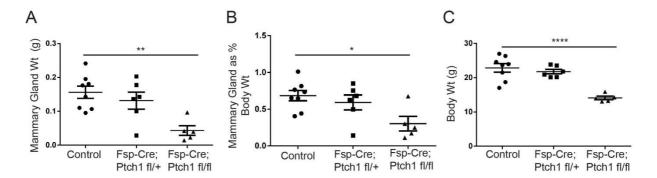


Figure S3. Fsp-Cre mediated loss of Ptch1 reduces mammary gland and body weight.

- A) Mass of inguinal mammary gland of control and mutant animals at 8 weeks, showing a decrease in *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} mutants.
- B) Mass of control and mutant animals at 8 weeks as percent body weight, showing a decrease in *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} mutants.
- C) Body weight of control and mutant animals at 8 weeks, showing a decrease in *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} mutants.

Graphs show data as mean ± SEM, and weights are given in grams. * indicates p<0.05, ** indicates p<0.01, and **** indicates p<0.0001 by ANOVA/Tukey's test.

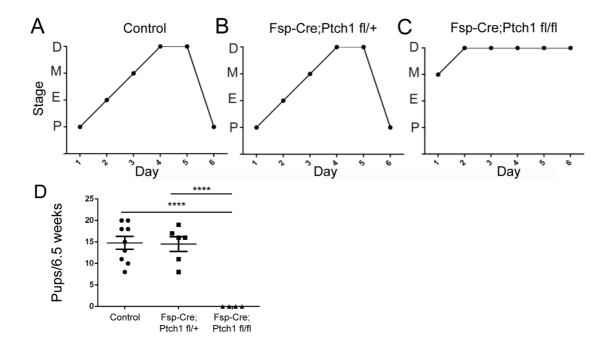


Figure S4. Fsp-Cre;Ptch1^{fl/fl} animals do not proceed through the estrous cycle normally, and have severely compromised fertility.

A-C: representative estrous cycle for A) control B) Fsp- $Cre;Ptch1^{fl/+}$ and C) Fsp- $Cre;Ptch1^{fl/fl}$ animals. Homozygous mutants do not cycle normally as assayed by vaginal smear in ≥ 4 animals per group. D indicates diestrous, M metestrous, E estrous, and P proestrous.

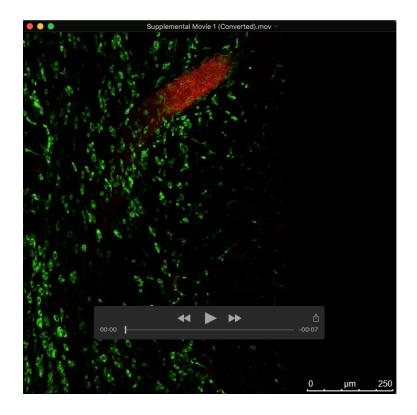
D: Number of pups produced by females of different genotypes over 6.5 weeks showing severe loss of fertility in *Fsp-Cre;Ptch1*^{fl/fl} animals. Control animals produced 14.8±1.5, heterozygotes produced 14.5±1.7, and homozygotes produced no pups. **** denotes p <0.0001 by ANOVA/Tukey's test.

Table S1. Antibodies used for immunostaining.

Antibody	Concentration	Antigen Retrieval
Ki67 (Vector Labs, Rabbit Polyclonal VP K451)	1:200	1 mM Sodium citrate buffer, pH 6
GFP (Living Colors, Clontech JL-8)	1:250	Citrate
BrdU (Abcam #6326)	1:250	10 mM Tris, 1 mM EDTA, pH 9.0
ZO-1 (Millipore MABT11)	1:100	Citrate
ERα (Santa Cruz)	1:100	Citrate
PR (DAKO)	BCM Breast Pathology	
	Core	
K5 (Abcam 52635)	1:100	Citrate
K8 (U. of Iowa, Hybridoma bank)	1:100	Citrate
CC3 (Cell Signaling 9661)	1:200	Citrate
Cyclin B1 (Cell Signaling 4138)	1:100	TE pH 9.0
Anti-Rabbit 594 (Secondary) (AlexaFluor)	1:500	either
Anti-Mouse 488 (Secondary) (AlexaFluor)	1:500	either

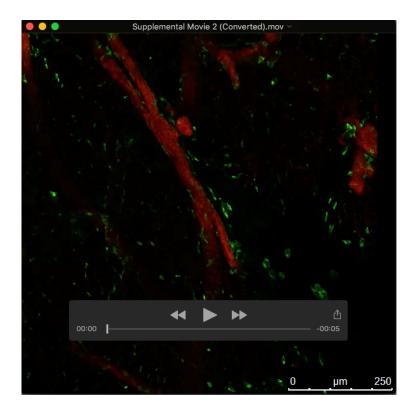
Table S2: Primers used for QPCR

Gene	Primer Ref No.	Probe
	(Taqman)	
18S	Mm03928990_g1	
Ptch1	Mm00436026_m1	Exon 17-18 (start base
		2846)
Ptch2	Mm00436047_m1	Exon 19-20 (start 3115)
Smo	Mm01162704_m1	Exon 1-2 (start 856)
Gli1	Mm00494654_m1	Exon 11-12 (start 1476)
Gli2	Mm01293111_m1	Exon 13-14 (start 2598)
Gli3	Mm00492345_m1	Exon 14-15 (start 2867)
Hhip	Mm00469580_m1	Exon 12-13 (start 2406)



Supplemental Movie 1:

This movie is a confocal Z-stack from an eight-week-old $Fsp-Cre;Ptch1^{+/+};mTmG+$ mammary duct showing a clear ductal lumen. GFP and RFP are endogenous fluorescence from the mTmG reporter; GFP indicates Fsp-Cre+ stromal cells, while RFP is expressed by Fsp- cells.



Supplemental Movie 2:

This movie is a confocal Z-stack of eight-week-old Fsp-Cre; $Ptch1^{fl/fl}$; mTmG+ mammary ducts showing some ducts with clear lumens, and a duct filled with RFP+ cells (upper right). GFP and RFP are endogenous fluorescence from the mTmG reporter; GFP indicates Fsp-Cre+ cells, while RFP is expressed by non-Fsp+ cells.