

Figure S1. Deletion mapping to identify the lethal region containing *jam*. (A) Graph indicating the statistically significant reduction in area of *jam/jam* gonads compared to the *wildtype* (p<0.0001, represented by ****). Error bars = S.E.M. (B) Diagram representing cytological region 63C;63F of the *Drosophila* 3rd chromosome, and the coverage of deficiency stocks used to map the lethal region containing *jam*. Deficiency stocks that failed-to-complement *jam* are green, and those that complemented are red. (B,C) Gonads from transheterozygous *jam/Df(3L)HR232* (n=18/18) (C) and heterozygous *jam/+* (n=3/3) (D) animals, stained with DAPI. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.

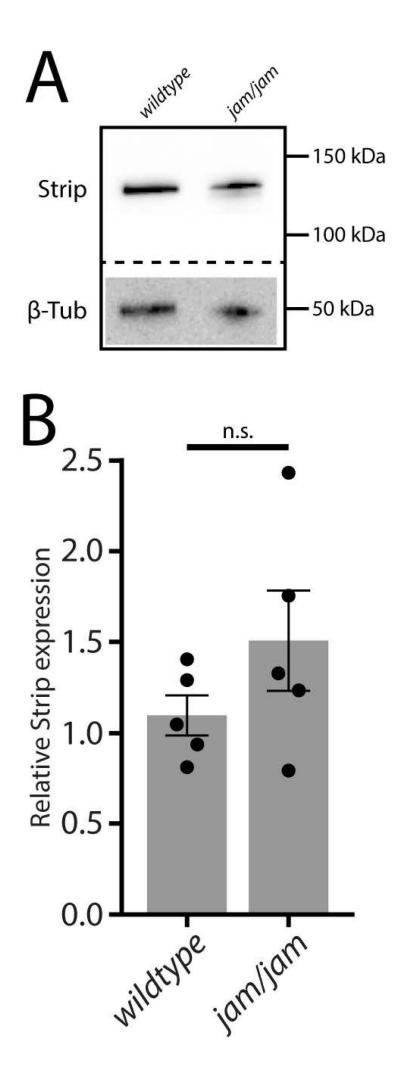


Figure S2. Strip^{jam} is translatable. (A) Western blotting for Strip revealed the protein in both *wildtype* and *jam/jam* tissues, at roughly 130 kDa (performed 5 times). β -Tubulin was used as a loading control. (B) Quantification of Strip expression relative to the loading control revealed no significant difference between the *wildtype* and the mutant (Student's t-test, p>0.05).

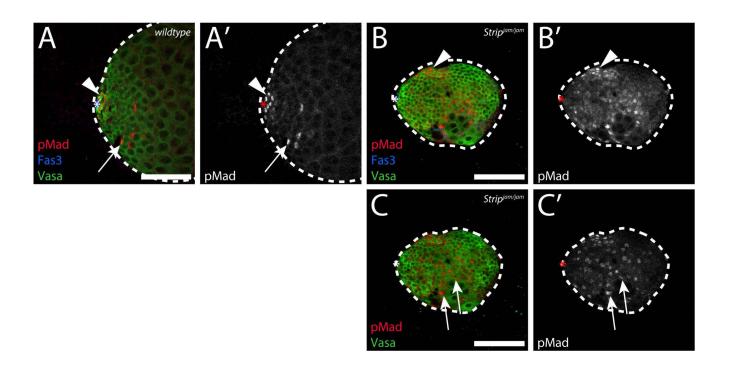


Figure S3. BMP signalling is disrupted in *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads. (A-B') *Wildtype* (n=21/21) (A,A') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=29/29) (B-C') gonads stained for pMad, Fas3, and Vasa. B and C are different Z-sections of the same gonad. Arrowheads and arrows indicate pMad-positive germline and somatic cells, respectively. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = $50\mu m$.

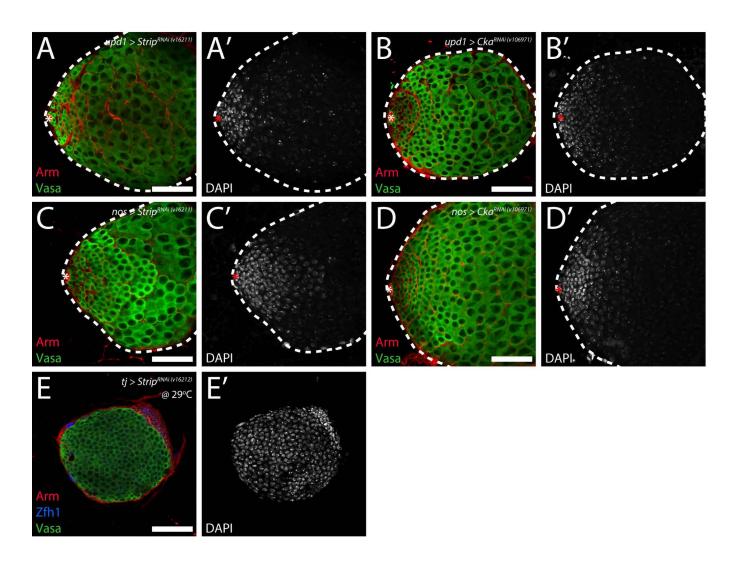


Figure S4. *Strip* and *Cka* are dispensable in the hub and germline cells. (A-D') Gonads from animals with hub or germline lineage expression of RNAi against *Strip* (v16211) or *Cka* (v106971), stained for Arm and Vasa, and with DAPI. (A-B') Hub cell specific expression of RNAi against *Strip* (n=28/28) (A,A') and *Cka* (n=7/7) (B,B') driven using *upd1-GAL4*. (C-D') Early germline cell specific expression of RNAi against *Strip* (n=14/14) (C,C') and *Cka* (n=14/14) (D,D') driven using *nos-GAL4*. (E,E') Gonads with somatic lineage expression of RNAi against *Strip* (v16212) via *tj-GAL4*, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. The phenotype induced via homozygosity for *Strip^{jam}* or knockdown of *Strip* using *C587-GAL4* is replicated using *tj-GAL4*. Note that the *nos-GAL4* driver stock also includes a *UAS-GAL4* construct to strengthen expression. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.

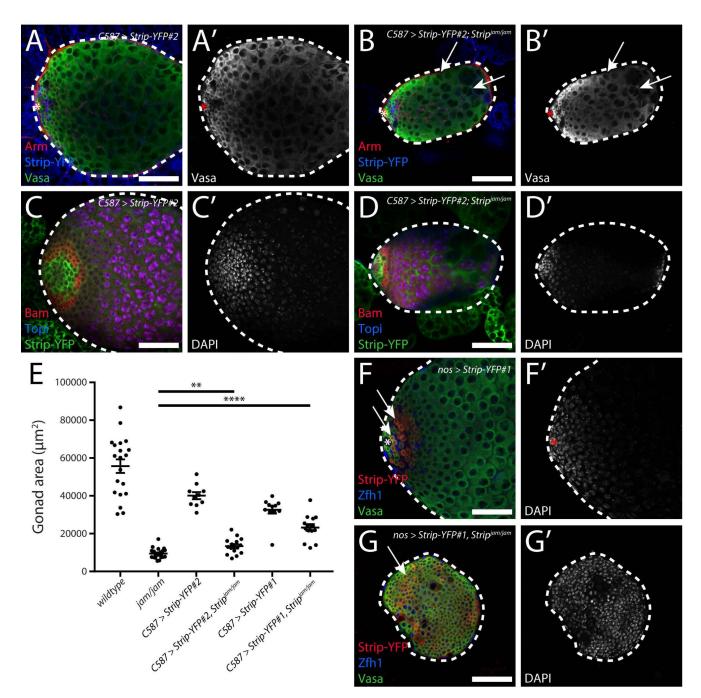


Figure S5. Somatic cell expression of *Strip-YFP* partially rescues *Strip^{jam/jam}*. (A-D') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of *Strip-YFP#2* in both *wildtype* (n=23/23) (A,A',C,C') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=42/42) (B,B',D,D') backgrounds, stained for Arm and Vasa, or for Bam and Topi with DAPI. Arrows indicate individualised, yet differentiated, germline cells. Note the apparent magenta staining in C and D is due to stronger than usual background staining in the Bam (red) channel. (E) Graph indicating the statistically significant increase in the area of *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads after somatic lineage expression of *Strip-YFP#1* (p<0.0001, represented by ****) and *Strip-YFP#2* (p<0.01, represented by **). (F-G') Gonads from animals expressing *Strip-YFP#1* in the somatic lineage in both *wildtype* (n=9/9) (E,E') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=16/16) (F,F') backgrounds, stained for Zfh1 and Vasa. Arrows indicate Strip-YFP expression in the germline cells. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.

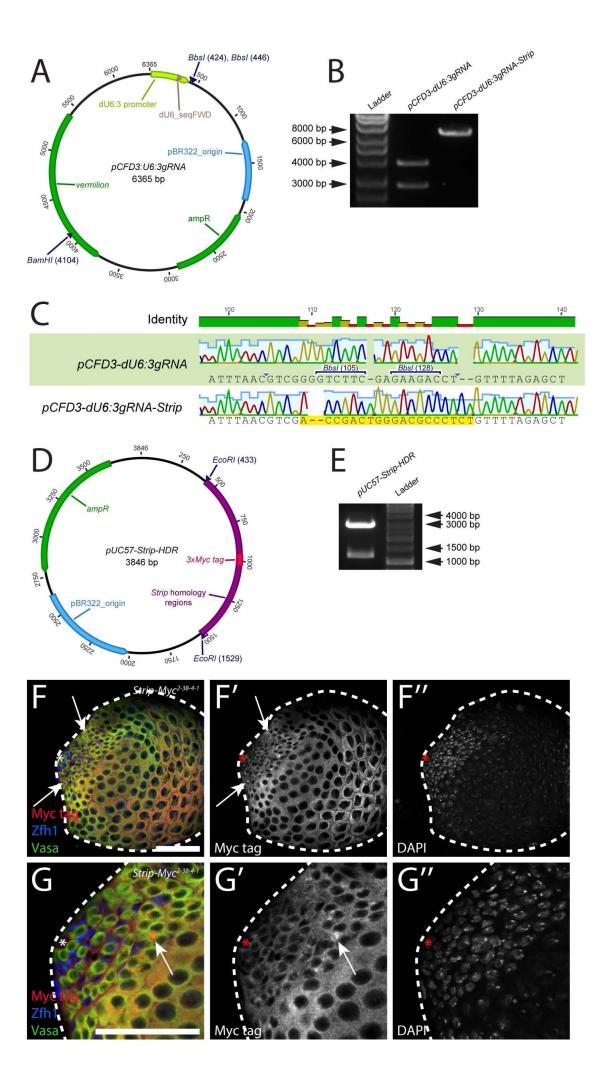


Figure S6. CRISPR/Cas9 epitope tagging of Strip. (A-C) pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA was modified to contain the gRNA sequence for targeting Strip. (A) Plasmid map of unmodified pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA. The desired gRNA sequence was inserted into the BbsI sites. "dU6:3 promoter" is the gRNA promoter sequence, and "dU6 seqFWD" denotes the position of the forward primer used for sequencing. (B) Gel electrophoresis of unmodified and modified pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA digested with BamHI and BbsI restriction endonucleases. Loss of BbsI sites indicates successful insertion of the gRNA sequence. (C) Sequence data for unmodified pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA and modified pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA-Strip. The pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA-Strip sequence was aligned to the *pCFD3:U6:3-gRNA* reference sequence. The modified sequence reflects the gel electrophoresis result, showing successful insertion of the gRNA sequence (highlighted in yellow), and loss of the BbsI cut sites. (D,E) A repair template consisting of a homology region for *Strip* and a $3 \times Myc$ tag at the appropriate site was synthesised in a *pUC57*simple (pUC57) backbone. (D) Plasmid map of pUC57-Strip-HDR. (E) Gel electrophoresis of *pUC57-Strip-HDR* digested with *EcoRI* to release the 1090bp repair template. In each plasmid map "pBR322 origin" refers to the plasmid origin of replication sequence and "ampR" refers to the ampicillin resistance gene. Plasmid maps were generated in Geneious v.8 (Kearse et al., 2012). (F-G'') Strip-Myc²⁻³⁸⁻⁴⁻¹ gonads (n=9/9) stained for the Myc epitope tag, Zfh1, and Vasa, at both regular (F-F'') and higher (G-G'') magnifications. Arrows indicate patches of strong Strip-Myc expression. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = $50 \mu m$.

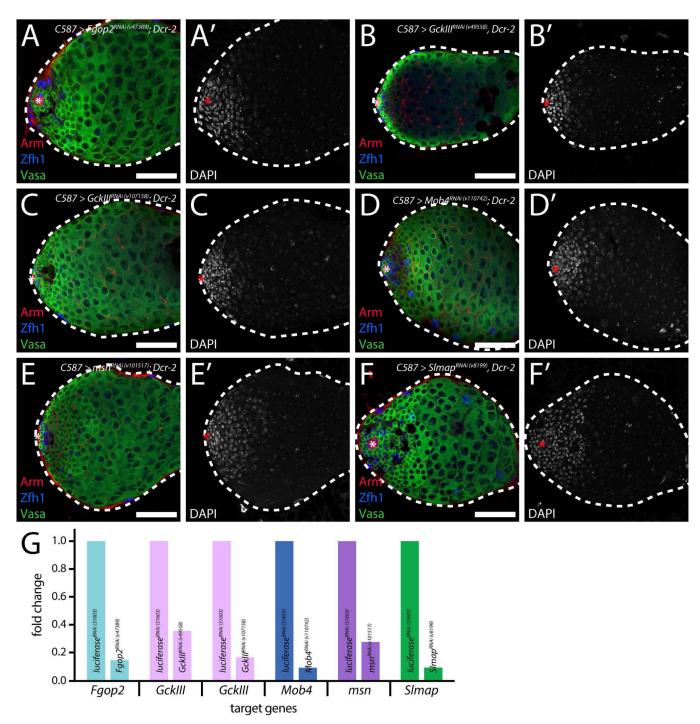


Figure S7. Somatic cell knockdown of other STRIPAK components does not affect spermatogenesis. (A-H') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of RNAi against STRIPAK complex components, alongside *Dcr-2*, in an otherwise *wildtype* background, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. (A,A') RNAi (v47389) against *Fgop2* (n=4/4). (B,B') RNAi (v49558) against *GckIII* (n=16/16). (C,C') RNAi (v107158) against *GckIII* (n=6/6). (D,D') RNAi (v110742) against *Mob4* (n=45/46). (E,E') RNAi (v101517) against *msn* (n=12/12). (F,F') RNAi (v8199) against *Slmap* (n=42/45). (G) Efficacy of STRIPAK RNAi lines measured via RT-qPCR. Pictured is the amount of target mRNA after knockdown of the STRIPAK component genes, relative to that from a *luciferase* knockdown control (n>10 animals per genotype). Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.

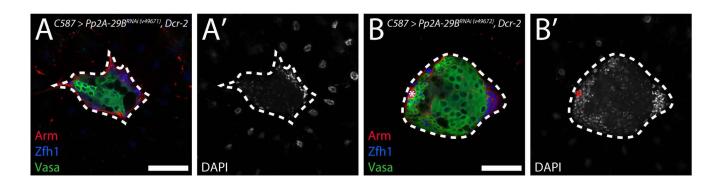


Figure S8. Somatic cell knockdown of *Pp2A-29B* leads to early germline cell loss. (A-B') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of *Dcr-2*, alongside RNAi against *Pp2A-29B* v49671 (n=9/9) (A,A') and v49672 (n=9/9) (B,B'), stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = $50\mu m$.

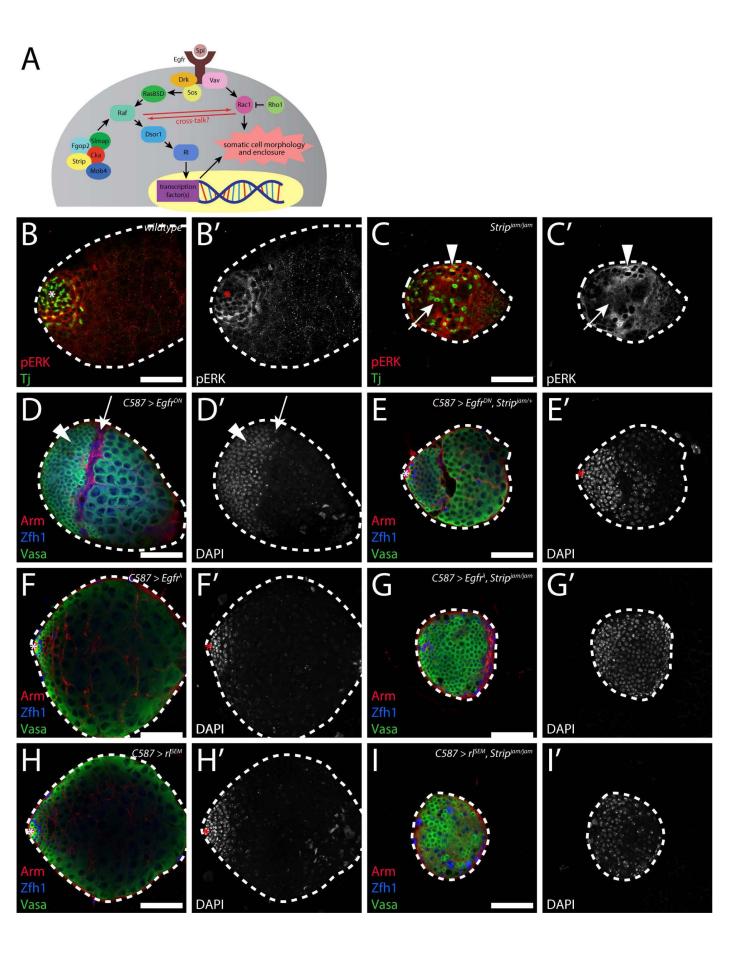


Figure S9. Strip does not genetically interact with the EGFR signalling pathway in the gonad. (A) Diagram of the bifurcated EGFR signalling pathway regulating Drosophila spermatogenesis. STRIPAK complex members have been shown to act as positive regulators of the pathway in Drosophila S2 cells, as well as adult wing and eye tissues. (B-C') Wildtype (n=26/26) (B,B') and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=29/29) (C,C') gonads stained for pERK and Tj. Arrow indicates a pERK-positive somatic cell; arrowhead indicates a pERK-negative somatic cell. No obvious change in pERK levels was observed, although somatic cells in the mutant sporadically did not express pERK. (D-I') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of various transgenes, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. (D-E') Gonads from animals expressing Egfr^{DN} in the somatic lineage in both wildtype (n=17/21) (D,D') and Strip^{jam/+} (n=19/22) (E,E') backgrounds. Arrows indicate non-enclosing somatic cells; arrowheads indicate supernumerary early germline cells. Being additionally heterozygous for Strip^{jam} did not enhance the Egfr^{DN}-induced phenotype. (F-G') Gonads from animals expressing Egfr^{λ} in the somatic lineage in both *wildtype* (n=7/7) (F,F') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=13/13) (G,G') backgrounds. $Egfr^{\lambda}$ expression did not alter the mutant phenotype. (H-I') Gonads from animals expressing rl^{SEM} in the somatic lineage in both wildtype (n=12/12) (H,H') and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=6/6) (I,I') backgrounds. *rl^{SEM}* expression did not alter the mutant phenotype. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = $50 \mu m$.

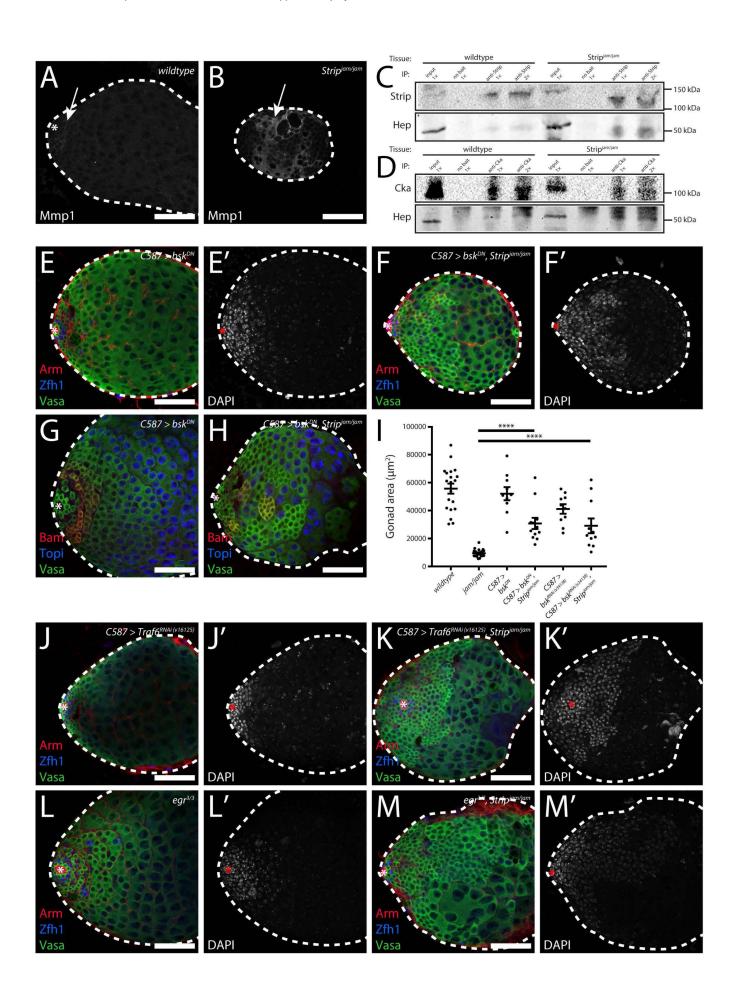


Figure S10. Hep physically interacts with both Strip and Cka in both *wildtype* and *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads.

(A,B) Wildtype (n=10/10) (A) and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=12/12) (B) gonads stained for Mmp1. Arrows indicate Mmp1 expression. (C,D) In both wildtype and Strip^{jam/jam} tissue extracts, Hep immunoprecipitated when baited with either anti-Strip (C) or anti-Cka (D) (each performed 2 times - further assays were limited by our having only small quantities of these noncommercial antibodies, which also partly explains our inability to obtain "cleaner" blots, alongside stripping and re-probing of each blot contributing to a degradation of signal quality). (E-H', J-M') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of various transgenes, stained variously for Arm, Zfh1, Bam, Topi, and Vasa, and with DAPI. (E-F') Expressing bsk^{DN} in both wildtype (n=20/20) (E,E',G) and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=34/35) (F,F',H) backgrounds rescues somatic and germline morphologies, as well as germline differentiation marker expression. (I) Graph indicating the statistically significant increase in the area of *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads after somatic lineage expression of either RNAi against bsk and bskDN (both p<0.0001, represented by ****). (J-K') Expressing RNAi against Traf6 in both wildtvpe (n=10/10) (J,J') and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=16/16) (K,K') backgrounds. (L-M') Gonads from animals homozygous for egr³ in wildtype (n=7/7) (L,L') and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=21/21) (M,M') backgrounds, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = $50 \mu m$.

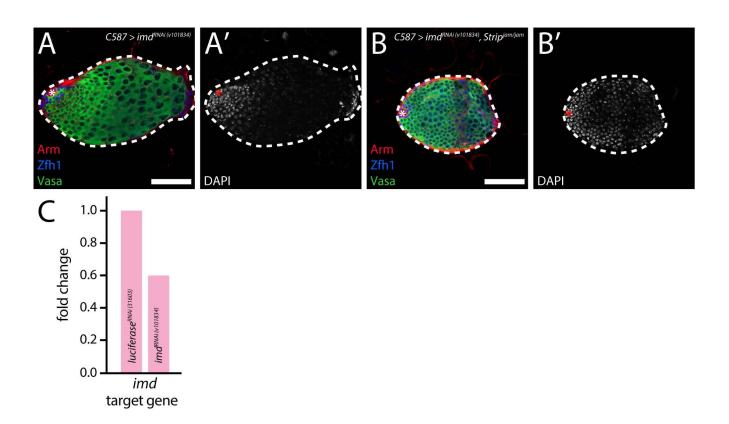


Figure S11. IMD signalling is dispensable during JNK signalling in *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads. (A-B') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of RNAi against *imd* in both *wildtype* (n=7/7) (G,G') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=16/16) (H,H') backgrounds, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. (C) Efficacy of RNAi against *imd* measured via RT-qPCR. Pictured is the amount of *imd* mRNA after *imd* knockdown relative to that in a *luciferase* knockdown control (n>10 animals per genotype). Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.

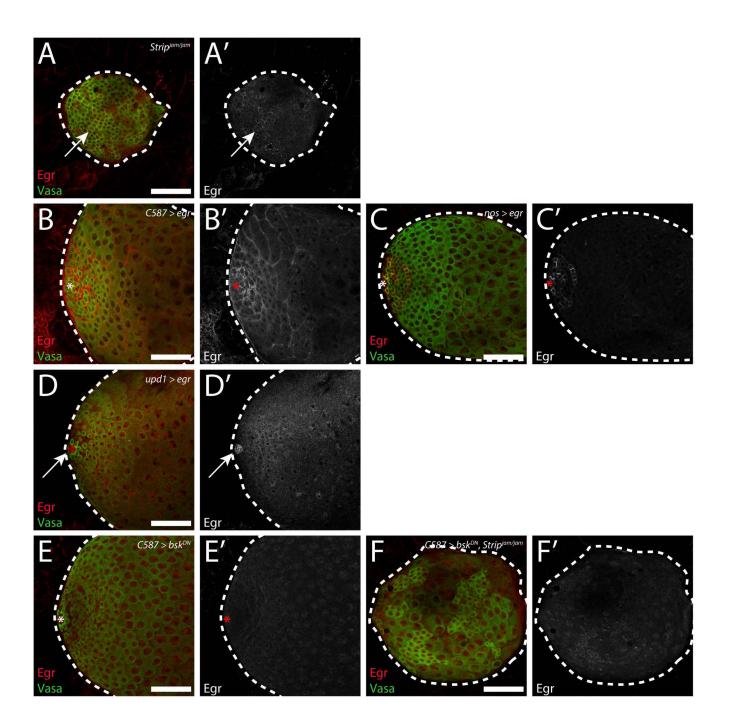


Figure S12. Egr expression is elevated in *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads. (A,A') *Strip^{jam/jam}* gonads stained for Egr and Vasa. Arrows indicate concentrations of Egr expression in the cytoplasm of some germline cells. (B-F') Gonads from animals expressing various transgenes, stained for Egr and Vasa. (B-D') Expressing *egr* in the somatic (n=5/5) (B,B'), germline (n=11/11) (C,C'), and hub (n=12/12) (D,D') lineages in a *wildtype* background. Inducing *egr* expression does not alter the gonad phenotype. (E-F') Expressing *bsk*^{DN} in the somatic lineage in both *wildtype* (n=10/10) (E,E') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=13/13) (F,F') backgrounds. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub, except for D,D', where an arrow marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.s

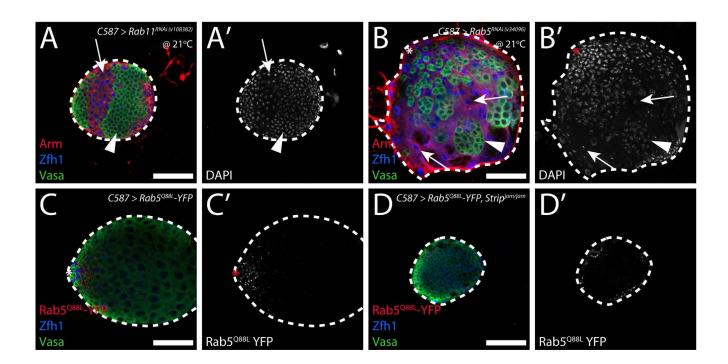


Figure S13. Endocytosis components are necessary during spermatogenesis, but do not interact genetically with Strip. (A-B') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of various transgenes, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. Expressing RNAi against *Rab11* (n=13/13) results in dissociated somatic cells and ectopic early germline cells (A,A'). Arrows indicate non-enclosing somatic cells; arrowheads indicate supernumerary early germline cells. Expressing RNAi against *Rab5* (n=16/16) results in overproliferating cysts and some dissociated somatic cells (B,B'). Arrows indicate non-enclosing somatic cells; arrowheads is a overproliferating cyst. Note the apparent magenta staining is due to stronger than usual background staining in the Zfh1 (blue) channel. (C-D') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of YFP tagged *Rab5*^{Q88L}, in both *wildtype* (n=35/35) (C,C') and *Strip^{jam/jam}* (n=16/16) (D,D') backgrounds, stained for Zfh1 and Vasa. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = 50µm.

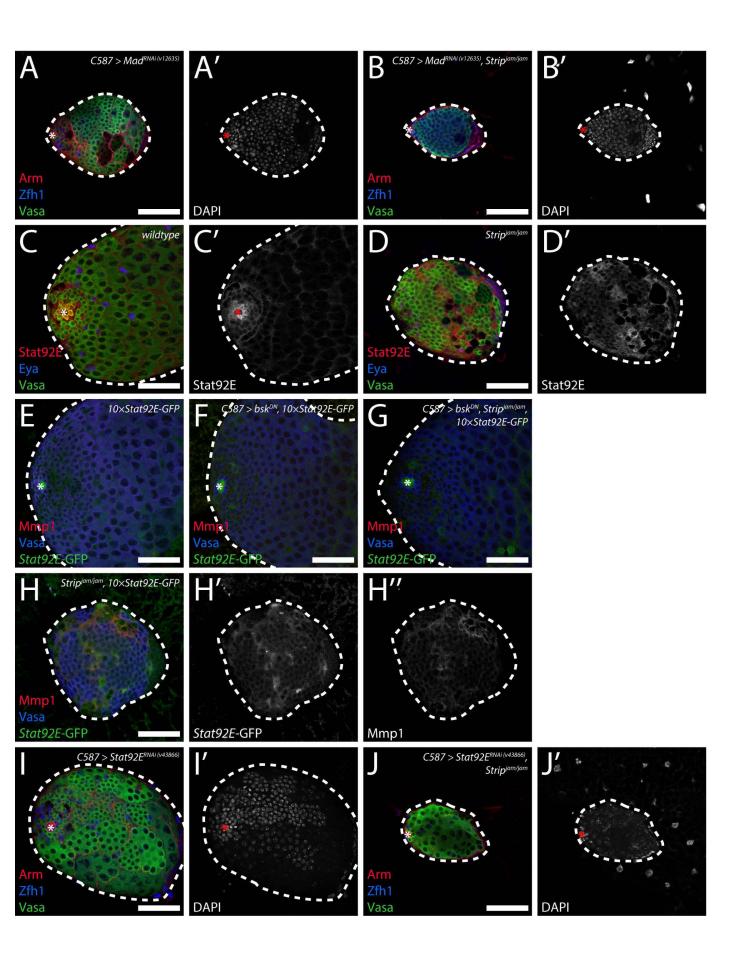


Figure S14. Jak-STAT and TGF-*β* signalling components do not genetically interact with Strip. (A-B') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of RNAi against Mad, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. In a wildtype background (n=9/9) (A,A'), Mad knockdown led to ectopic spermatogonia TA divisions, and in a Strip^{jam/jam} background (n=10/10) (B,B') it did not rescue the mutant phenotype. (C-D') Wildtvpe (n=9/9) (C,C') and Strip^{iam/jam} (n=11/11) (D,D') gonads stained for Stat92E, Eya, and Vasa. Stat92E expression appeared greater in the somatic cells of Strip^{jam/jam} gonads. (E-H'') Gonads from animals heterozygous for 10×Stat92E-GFP, stained for Mmp1 and Vasa. With no additional transgene expression (n=5/5) (E) or with somatic cell expression of bsk^{DN} (n=6/6) (F) in a wildtype background, or with somatic cell expression of bsk^{DN} in a Strip^{jam/jam} background (n=6/6) (G), GFP expression appears to be limited to the hub, while in a Strip^{jam/jam} background with no additional transgene expression (n=7/7) (H-H'') GFP is strongly expressed in the somatic cells and co-localises with Mmp1. (I-J') Gonads from animals with somatic lineage expression of RNAi against Stat92E, stained for Arm, Zfh1, and Vasa, and with DAPI. In both wildtype (n=6/9) (I,I') and Strip^{jam/jam} (n=14/24) (J,J') backgrounds, Stat92E knockdown led to early germline cell loss, and it did not rescue the mutant phenotype. Where possible, an asterisk marks the hub. Dotted lines outline the gonads. Scale bars = $50\mu m$.