Supplementary Figures

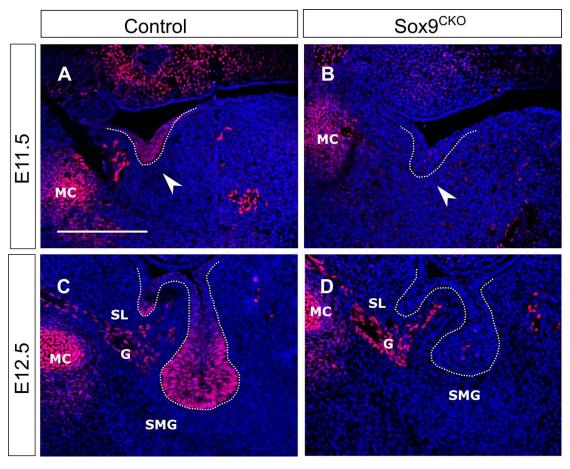


Figure S1. Sox9 is deleted from the epithelium of the placodes by E11.5 and it is not required for salivary gland initiation. Sox9 immunofluorescence (red) in the control (A, C) and $Sox9^{CKO}$ (B, D) submandibular glands at E11.5 (A, B) and E12.5 (C, D). Arrowheads indicate the placodes. MC: Meckel's cartilage, G: ganglion, SMG: submandibular gland, SL: sublingual gland. Scale bar: 200 μ m.

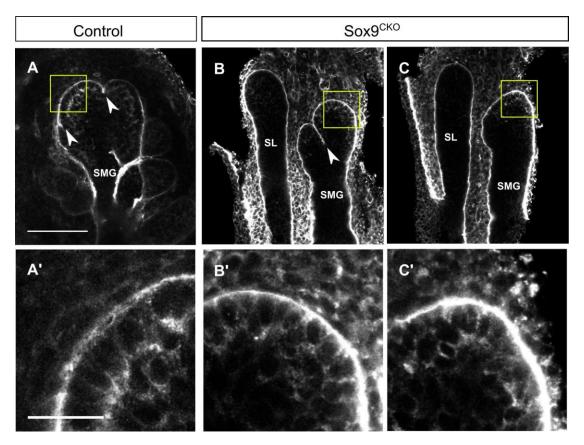


Figure S2. Cleft formation and epithelial laminin lining visualised by immunofluorescence for laminin. A-C Immunofluorescence for laminin in E13.5 control (A) and $Sox9^{cKO}$ salivary glands with (B) or without clefts (C). Scale bar: $100\mu m$. A'-C': Magnification of the yellow box showing in A-C. Scale bar: $25\mu m$. Arrowheads indicate clefts.

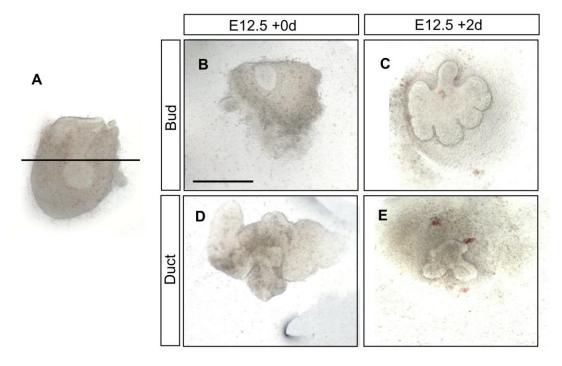


Figure S3. Branch formation initiates and proceeds independently of the stalk region. A: Brightfield image of a bud at E12.5 showing the level of dissection (black line). B, D: Dissected E12.5 enbud (B) and stalk (D) at the day of collection. C, E: Brightfield images of the bud (C) and stalk (E) region after 2 days of *ex vivo* explant culturing. Scale bar 500µm.

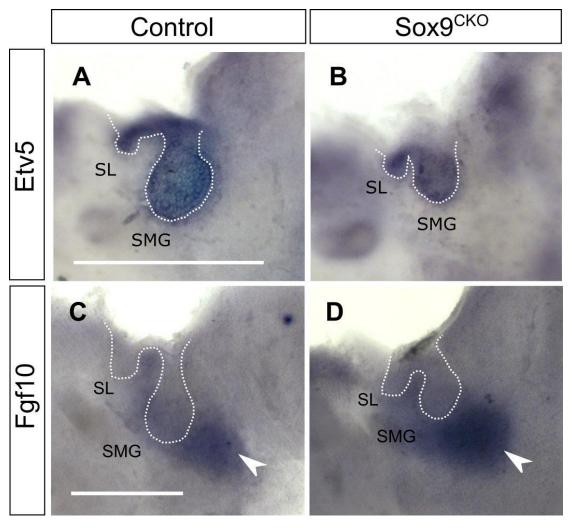


Figure S4. Erk signalling and Fgf10 expression seems unchanged in the $Soxg^{cko}$ SMGs. In situ hybridization for Etv5 (A, B) and Fgf10 (C, D) in the control (A, C) and $Soxg^{cko}$ (B, D) buds at E12.5. Arrowheads indicate the expression of Fgf10 in the mesenchyme. Scale bars: 500µm.