

Insights into differential activity patterns of Drosophilids under semi-natural conditions

*Priya M Prabhakaran, Vasu Sheeba**

Affiliation: Behavioural Neurogenetics Laboratory, Evolutionary and Organismal Biology Unit, Jawaharlal Nehru Centre for Advanced Scientific Research, Bangalore

Running title: *Activity/rest rhythm in nature.*

***Corresponding author:** Vasu Sheeba

Address: Behavioural Neurogenetics Laboratory, Evolutionary and Organismal Biology Unit, Jawaharlal Nehru Centre for Advanced Scientific Research, Jakkur P.O., Bangalore – 560 064, India

Email: sheeba@jncasr.ac.in, Ph. No. - +9180 2208 2987, Fax. +9180 2208 2766

Contents:

Supplementary figures with legends

S1
S2
S3
S4
S5
S6

D. ananassae

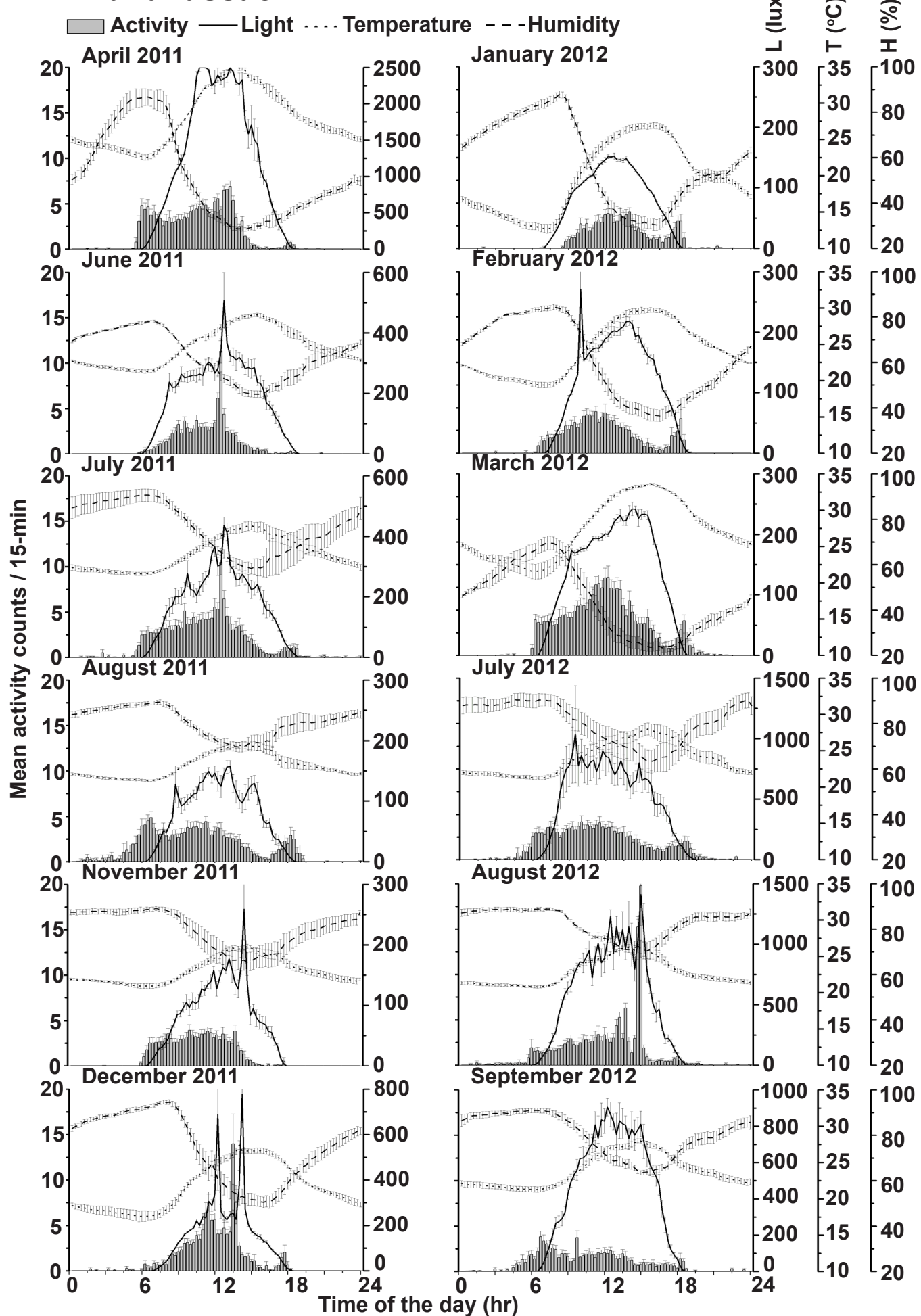


Figure S1. *D. ananassae* restricted most of its activity during light phase across different seasons. Average activity/rest profiles of virgin male flies *D. ananassae* (DA) across different assays in semi-natural condition. Mean activity counts, in 15-min bins (\pm SEM) averaged across flies over 6-days is plotted along with environmental factors L-light (solid curve), T-temperature (dotted curve) and H-humidity (dashed curve) whose values were averaged across 6-days.

D. melanogaster

■ Activity — Light Temperature - - - Humidity

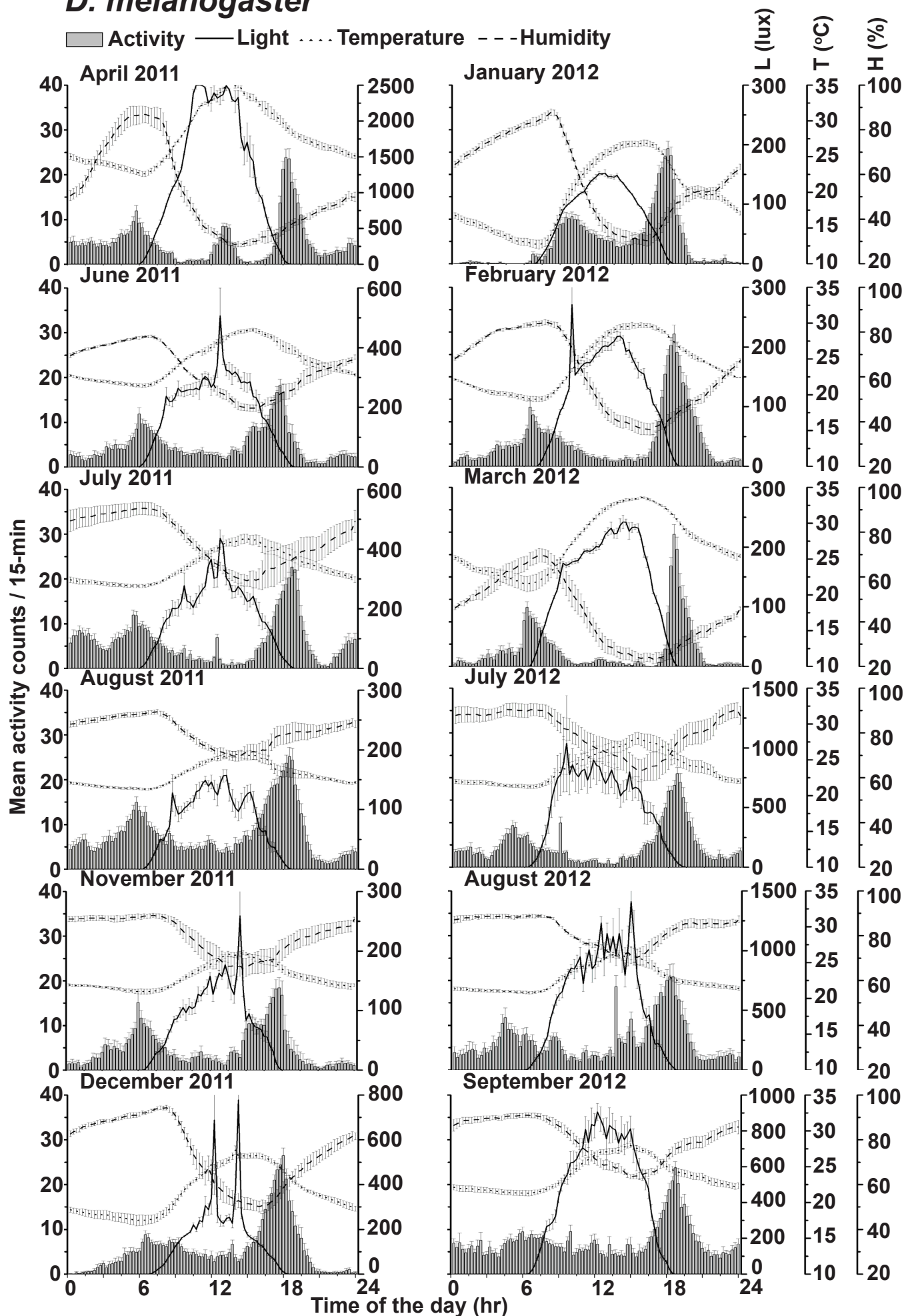


Figure S2. Activity/rest pattern of *Drosophila melanogaster* varied with varying environmental factors across different seasons. Average activity/rest profiles of virgin male flies *D.melanogaster* (DM) across different assays in semi-natural condition. All other details are the same as Fig. S1.

D. malerkotliana

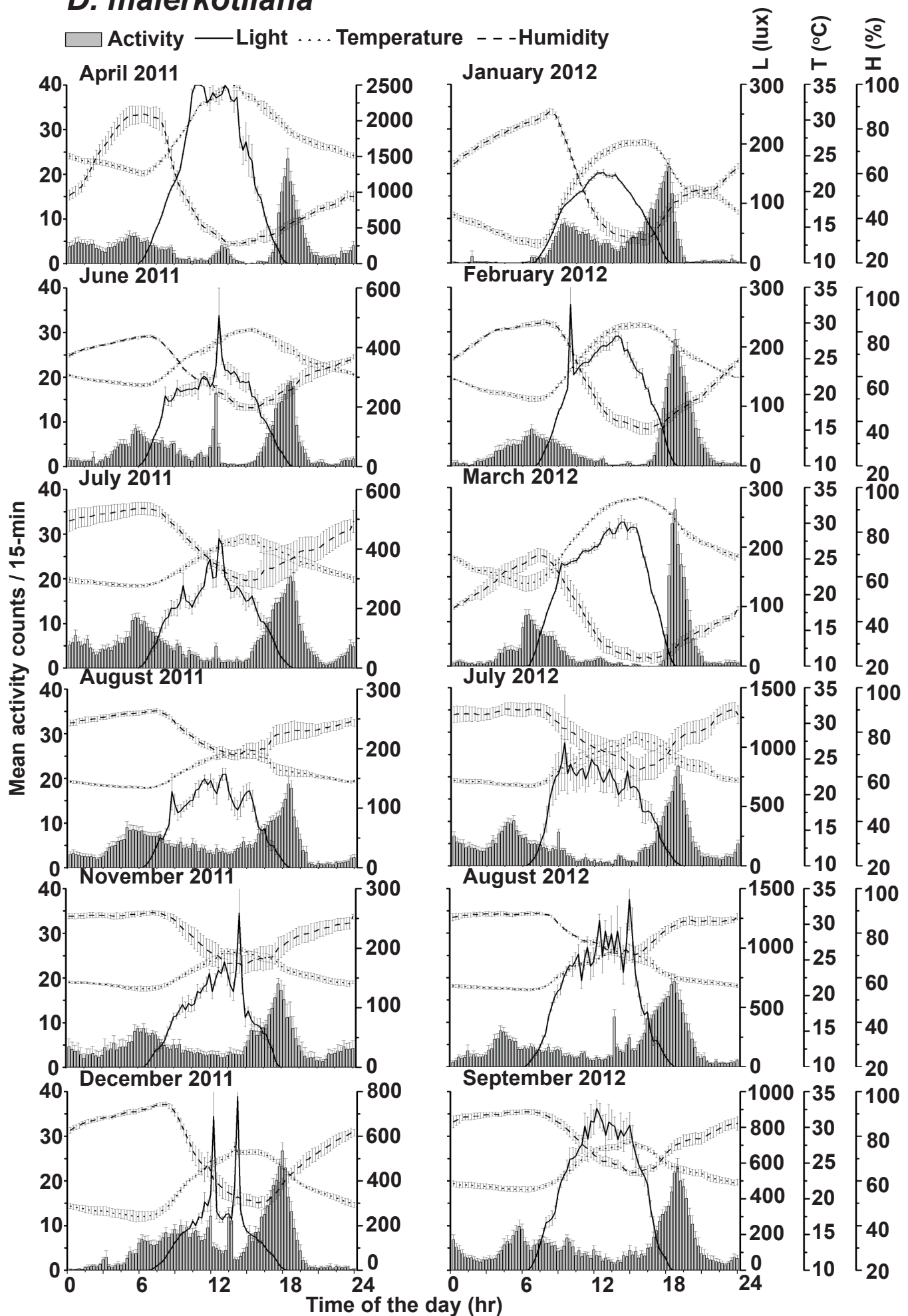


Figure S3. *D. malerkotliana* exhibited almost similar activity/rest pattern as that of DM across different seasons. Average activity/rest profiles of virgin male flies *D. malerkotliana* (DK) across different assays in semi-natural condition. All other details are the same as Fig. S1.

Z. indianus

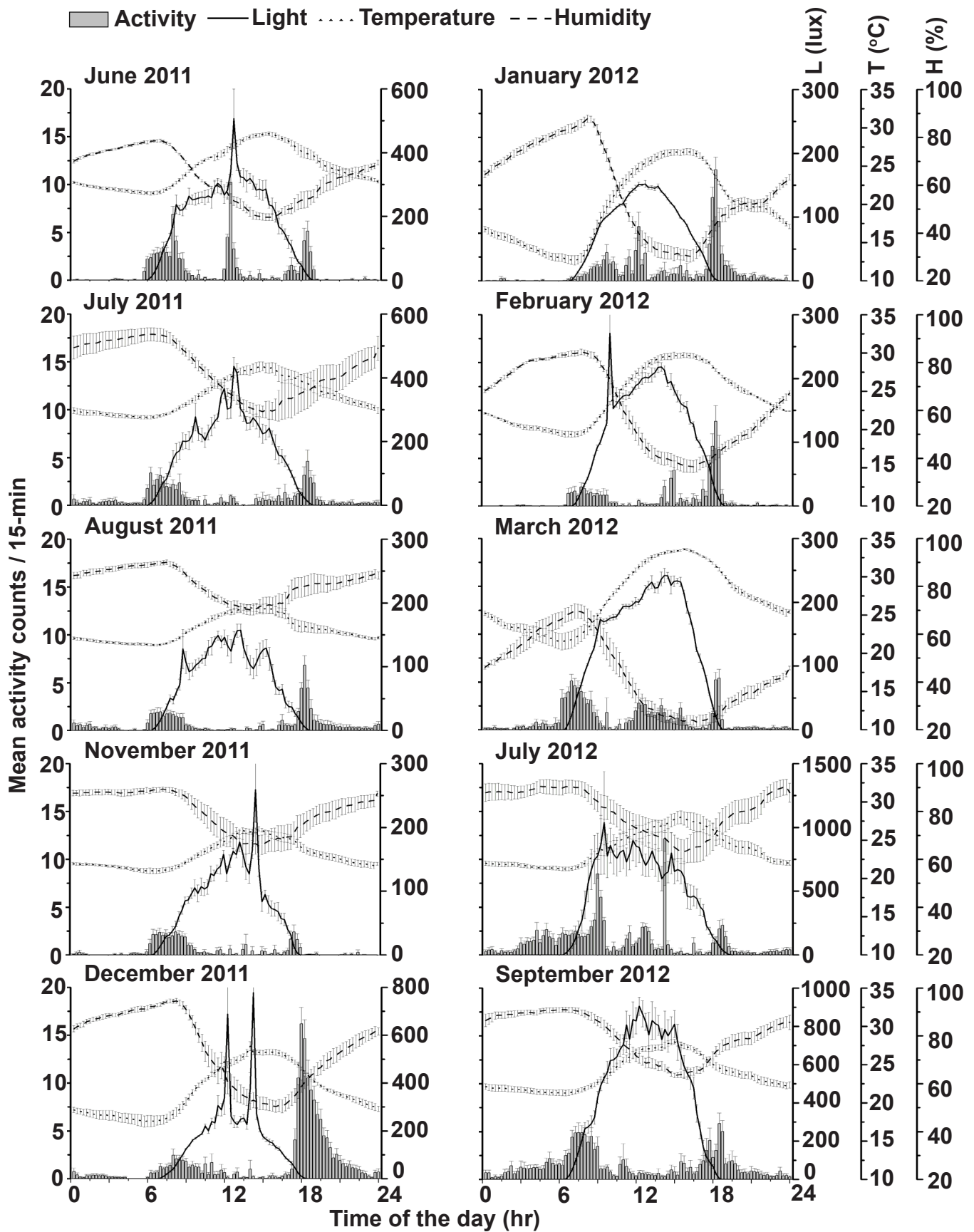


Figure S4. *Z. indianus* showed variation in its activity/ rest pattern across different seasons even though its activity levels were low compared to *DM*. Average activity/rest profiles of virgin male flies *Z. indianus* (ZI) across assays in semi-natural condition. All other details are the same as Fig. S1.

Prabhakaran and Sheeba, Figure S4

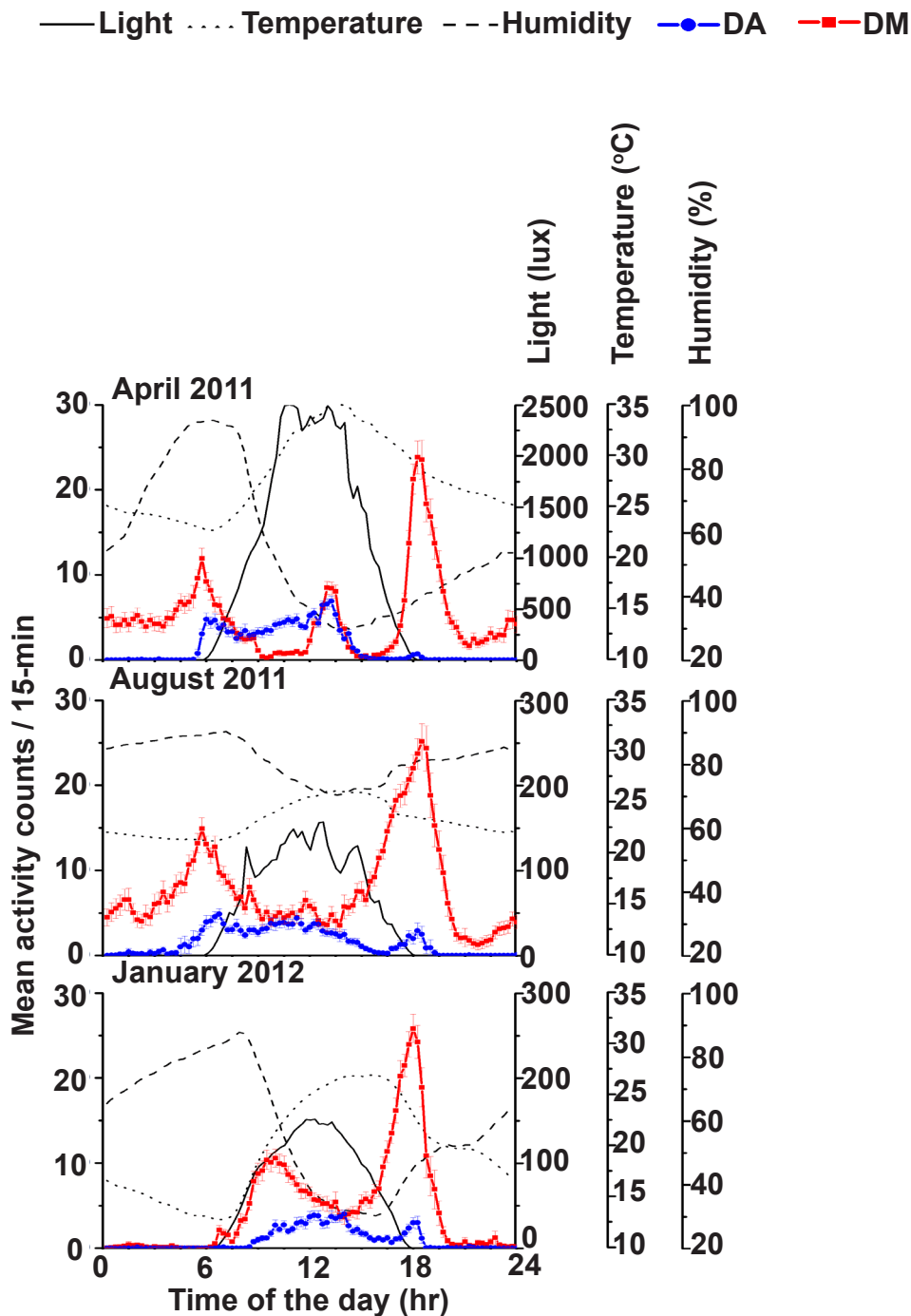


Figure S5. Divergence in activity/ rest pattern between DM and DA. Average activity/rest profiles of virgin male flies DA (blue) and DM (red) under warm dry days of April 2011 or cold dry days of January 2012 to the mild and least varying August 2011. Mean activity counts, in 15-min bins (\pm SEM) averaged across 6-days is plotted along with environmental factors light (solid curve), temperature (dotted curve) and humidity (dashed curve) whose values were averaged across 6-days.

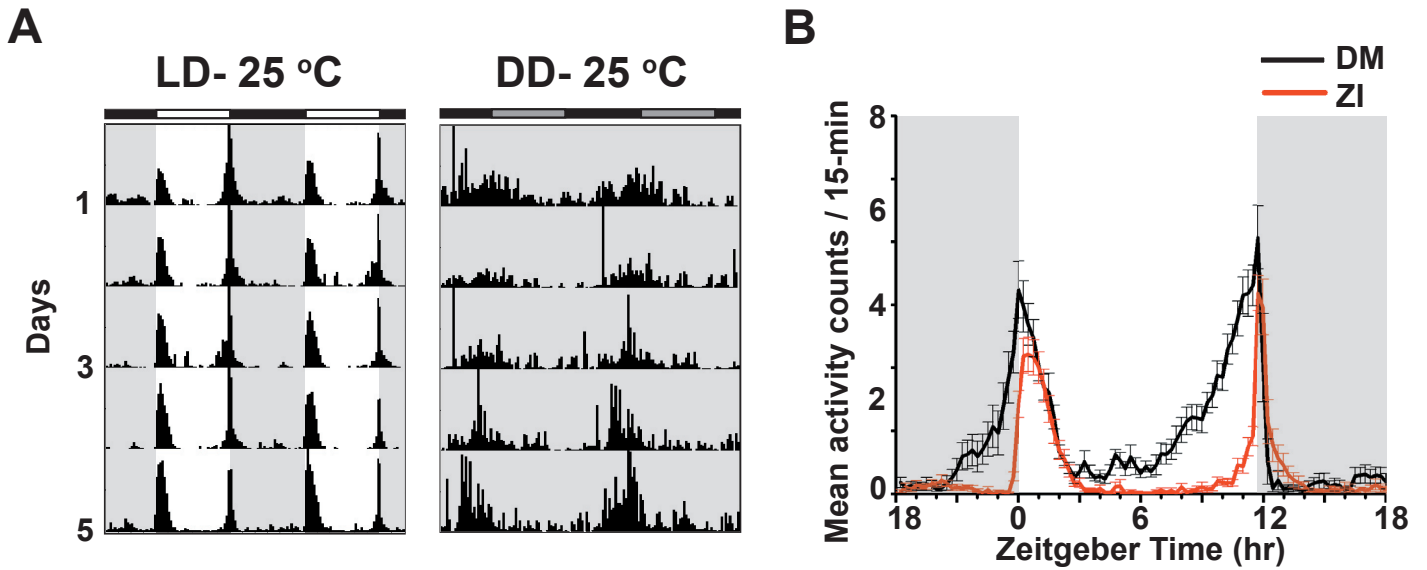


Figure S6. *ZI showed bimodal activity pattern under LD12:12 and poor rhythmicity under constant darkness (DD).* (A) Average double plotted actograms of male ZI under LD12:12 at 25 °C (left) and DD (right). The x-axis represents time of day from 0-48 hr, consecutive days are plotted along y-axis. (B) Raw Activity counts (15-min bin) averaged across 5 days for both DM and ZI virgin male flies (mean \pm SEM). Grey shaded areas in actograms represent darkness.