Table S1

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Table S2

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Table S3. Individual recognition candidate genes from Berens et al. (2016) with corresponding mean \log_2 fold changes during face training from this study (negative fold change (green): higher expression during facial learning, positive fold change (red): higher expression during pattern learning). Four genes (*IP3K*, *IP3R*, *Nckx30C*, and *Su(var)2-10*) are candidates for individual memory recall, and all showed down-regulation during memory recall (red) compared to no social interaction and initial memory formation. None of these genes were differentially expressed between face specialization vs. face learning in either paper wasp species (*P. fuscatus* or *P. metricus*), except *Nckx30C* (indicated by *) which was up-regulated in face learning compared to pattern learning for *P. metricus*. For most genes, there were multiple transcripts with Blast hits [E-value < 1e-4] to the gene sequences, so the \log_2 fold changes were averaged across all transcripts. *mGluR* was not found in the *P. metricus* transcriptome.

	P. fuscatus		P. metricus	
	Individual	Face Specialization	Individual	Face Learning
	Memory Recall	Mean log2 Fold	Memory Recall	Mean log2 Fold
Gene	Candidate	Change	Candidate	Change
Ace		-0.226		0.332
Bap60		0.165		0.101
Cha		-0.335		0.348
dor		0.064		-0.064
e		0.016		0.312
gogo		-0.213		0.097
Gug		0.130		0.039
IP3K	Down regulated	-0.018	Down regulated	0.475
IP3R	Down regulated	-0.333	Down regulated	0.290
mGluR		-0.011		N/A
N		-0.104		0.212
Nckx30C	Down regulated	0.035		0.602*
Nmdar1		0.275		0.411
PsGEF		-0.194		0.259
sca		0.435		0.069
Stau		-0.378		0.145
Su(var)2-10	Down regulated	0.117	_	0.019
Syt7		-0.510		