

Table S1. Primer sequences used in the study.

Gene	Forward sequence (5' → 3')	Reverse sequence (5' → 3')	Product size (bp)
<i>SdhA</i> [1]	CATGCTGCTGTGTTCCCGA	ACCATCCAGGGGCTTGTGA	133
<i>Act5C</i> [1]	GGCGCAGAGCAAGCGTGGTA	GGGTGCCACACGCAGCTCAT	124
<i>RpL32</i> [2]	ATGCTAACGCTGTCGACAAATG	GTTCGATCCGTAACCGATGT	107
<i>eEF1α2</i> [2]	GCGTGGGTTGTGATCAGTT	GATCTTCTCCTGCCATCC	125
<i>Clk</i>	TCGCTGGTCAACGATCTCAG	GCGATCGGTGGCCTCATTAT	117
<i>cyc</i> [3]	TGGACAATCACCGAACATAC	CTGAGGCAGGAAACCAATCA	113
<i>per</i> [4]	TGATGGCGACTACAACCTCC	GTCGCTATTCCCATTGCTGT	89
<i>tim</i> [4]	GGTGGCATCTGTGTACGAAA	GATCTGGTCGCTCAAGTC	118
<i>Pdp1</i>	GGCCACATAACCACAAAGCG	GGAGGCGAACGAAAATGTTGA	108
<i>vri</i> [4]	ATGAACAACGTCCGGCTATC	CTGCGGACTTATGGATCCTC	114
<i>cry</i>	AGGAATTGTTCACGAGCCCT	GCTCCGGATAATGGACTCCG	84
<i>Hsp83</i>	CATACAAGATGCCAGAAGAAGCA	AGATCAACTCGCGCAGGAAA	120
<i>Fst</i>	ATCGTGCAGGAACAGAGGTG	TGACCATTTGCCATCCCA	86
<i>smp-30</i> [5]	GAAGGACCATTGTTCCCTGA	TGGGTGGTTGGAATTTGAT	140

References

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3. Liu T, Mahesh G, Yu W, Hardin PE. CLOCK stabilizes CYCLE to initiate clock function in *Drosophila*. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences. 2017;114(41):201707143. Epub 2017/10/05. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1707143114. PubMed PMID: 28973907; PubMed Central PMCID: PMC5642697.
4. Yu W, Zheng H, Price JL, Hardin PE. DOUBLETIME plays a noncatalytic role to mediate CLOCK phosphorylation and repress CLOCK-dependent transcription within the *Drosophila* circadian clock. Molecular and Cellular Biology. 2009;29(6):1452-8.
5. Sinclair B, Gibbs A, Roberts S. Gene transcription during exposure to, and recovery from, cold and desiccation stress in *Drosophila melanogaster*. Insect Molecular Biology. 2007;16(4):435-43. Epub 2007/05/18. doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2583.2007.00739.x. PubMed PMID: 17506850.

Table S2. Three-way ANOVAs for the mesor, amplitude, and phase of gene expression in *Drosophila* heads.

	Gene	Main effects			Interaction			
		Age	Sex	Temperature	Age x Sex	Age x Temperature	Sex x Temperature	Age x Sex x Temperature
Mesor	<i>Clk</i>	<0.0001	0.000	<0.0001	0.951	<0.0001	0.794	0.312
	<i>cyc</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.528	0.014	<0.0001	0.162	0.446
	<i>per</i>	<0.0001	0.004	0.036	0.224	0.000	0.911	0.042
	<i>tim</i>	0.013	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.290	<0.0001	0.118	0.003
	<i>Pdp1</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.345	<0.0001	0.005	<0.0001
	<i>vri</i>	<0.0001	0.005	<0.0001	0.044	0.000	0.012	0.950
	<i>cry</i>	0.024	0.022	0.901	0.093	0.076	0.038	0.094
	<i>Hsp83</i>	<0.0001	0.507	0.276	0.306	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.177
	<i>Fst</i>	0.030	0.341	0.004	0.197	0.114	0.847	0.215
	<i>smp-30</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.006	0.000	0.187	0.165	0.031
Amplitude	<i>Clk^A</i>	<0.0001	-	<0.0001	-	0.001	-	-
	<i>Clk^T</i>	-	0.008	0.208	-	-	0.546	-
	<i>cyc*</i>	0.188	0.032	-	0.977	-	-	-
	<i>per</i>	0.001	0.089	0.001	0.572	0.143	0.940	0.248
	<i>tim</i>	0.790	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.510	<0.0001	0.115	0.015
	<i>Pdp1</i>	0.001	0.020	0.016	0.371	<0.0001	0.025	0.047
	<i>vri</i>	0.646	0.101	0.089	0.218	0.055	0.004	0.875
	<i>cry[#]</i>	0.571	-	0.068	-	0.061	-	-
	<i>cry^T</i>	-	0.306	0.001	-	-	0.019	-
	<i>Hsp83*</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	-	0.838	-	-	-
	<i>Fst</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<i>smp-30</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phase	<i>Clk^A</i>	0.206	-	0.078	-	0.151	-	-
	<i>Clk</i>	-	0.078	<0.0001	-	-	0.360	-
	<i>cyc*</i>	0.394	0.637	-	0.111	-	-	-
	<i>per</i>	0.372	0.795	<0.0001	0.777	0.903	0.973	0.499
	<i>tim</i>	0.903	0.458	0.396	0.110	0.898	0.042	0.785
	<i>Pdp1</i>	0.393	0.831	0.050	0.773	0.872	0.041	0.028
	<i>vri</i>	0.636	0.211	0.004	0.092	0.017	0.648	0.431
	<i>cry[#]</i>	0.426	-	0.002	-	0.001	-	-
	<i>cry^T</i>	-	0.547	0.049	-	-	0.063	-
	<i>Hsp83*</i>	0.001	0.858	-	0.006	-	-	-
	<i>Fst</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<i>smp-30</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Bold text show significant values ($p<0.05$). CircaCompare was used to make pairwise comparisons of simple effects or interactions where main effects or interactions were significant. Two-way ANOVAs were performed when one or more profiles being compared were non-rhythmic ($p>0.05$) and a three-way ANOVA could not be performed. Missing values denoted by 'NA' are shown when neither a three-way or a two-way ANOVA could be computed from the available rhythmic profiles. In these cases, pairwise comparisons were made using CircaCompare. Rhythmicity was not taken into account in the calculation for mesor, so three-way ANOVAs were performed. The following annotations indicate the configurations of the two-way ANOVAs: *cyc**, a two-way ANOVA was performed (2 levels sex, 2 levels age) for the T_{CYC} profiles; *Clk^A*, a two-way ANOVA was performed (2 levels age, 2 levels temperature) for the male profiles; *Clk^T*, a two-way ANOVA was performed (2 levels sex, 2 levels temperature) for the aged profiles; *cry[#]*, a two-way ANOVA was performed (2 levels age, 2 levels temperature) for the female profiles; *cry^T*, a two-way ANOVA was performed (2 levels sex, 2 levels temperature) for the aged profiles; *Hsp83** a two-way ANOVA was performed (2 levels sex, 2 levels age) for the T_{CYC} profiles.

Table S3. Table of p-values of pairwise comparisons made in CircaCompare for gene expression in *Drosophila* heads.

	Heads			<i>Clk</i>	<i>cyc</i>	<i>per</i>	<i>tim</i>	<i>Pdp1</i>	<i>vri</i>	<i>cry</i>	<i>Hsp83</i>	<i>Fst</i>	<i>smp-30</i>
Mesor	Effect of age	Male	T _{CON}	0.239	0.000	0.014	0.000	0.083	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.130	0.000
			T _{CYC}	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.878	0.000	0.398	0.013
		Female	T _{CON}	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.020	0.414	0.369	0.000	0.185	0.000
			T _{CYC}	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.697	0.000	0.104	0.000
	Effect of temperature	Male	Young	0.000	0.183	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.216	0.758	0.798	0.645
			Aged	0.465	0.005	0.000	0.370	0.006	0.016	0.046	0.000	0.067	0.000
		Female	Young	0.000	0.009	0.849	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.194	0.001	0.022	0.000
			Aged	0.545	0.222	0.039	0.170	0.052	0.426	0.000	0.414	0.000	0.000
	Effect of gender	T _{CON}	Young	0.017	0.004	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.015	0.176	0.000
			Aged	0.003	0.000	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.252	0.075
		T _{CYC}	Young	0.308	0.031	0.927	0.488	0.223	0.601	0.959	0.178	0.479	0.188
			Aged	0.001	0.000	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.081	0.756	0.001	0.005	0.000
Amplitude	Effect of age	Male	T _{CON}	0.676	n.r.	0.342	0.000	0.043	0.838	0.009	#	0.246	#
			T _{CYC}	0.000	0.435	0.017	0.014	0.001	0.154	#	0.000	#	n.r.
		Female	T _{CON}	0.639	n.r.	0.005	0.005	0.149	0.079	0.023	#	0.690	#
			T _{CYC}	#	0.147	0.245	0.005	0.004	0.564	0.438	0.000	0.604	#
	Effect of temperature	Male	Young	0.000	#	0.749	0.000	0.000	0.051	#	#	0.547	#
			Aged	0.253	#	0.003	0.171	0.385	0.109	0.487	0.000	#	n.r.
		Female	Young	#	#	0.141	0.000	0.450	0.771	0.981	0.000	0.435	#
			Aged	0.581	#	0.041	0.677	0.036	0.025	0.000	#	0.278	#
	Effect of gender	T _{CON}	Young	0.522	n.r.	0.043	0.000	0.007	0.076	0.133	#	0.544	0.361
			Aged	0.009	n.r.	0.292	0.000	0.032	0.000	0.338	#	0.159	n.r.
		T _{CYC}	Young	#	0.261	0.983	0.434	0.742	0.429	#	0.004	0.437	n.r.
			Aged	0.193	0.035	0.132	0.000	0.479	0.933	0.022	0.000	#	#
Phase	Effect of age	Male	T _{CON}	0.008	n.r.	0.252	0.093	0.133	0.520	0.445	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			T _{CYC}	0.927	0.091	0.805	0.708	0.330	0.054	n.r.	0.001	n.r.	n.r.
		Female	T _{CON}	0.216	n.r.	0.863	0.094	0.012	0.045	0.031	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			T _{CYC}	n.r.	0.579	0.603	0.337	0.595	0.806	0.013	0.711	n.r.	n.r.
	Effect of temperature	Male	Young	0.863	n.r.	0.016	0.607	0.438	0.830	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.001	n.r.	0.002	0.530	0.063	0.000	0.017	0.607	n.r.	n.r.
		Female	Young	n.r.	n.r.	0.029	0.083	0.068	0.320	0.004	0.586	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.007	n.r.	0.000	0.014	0.011	0.000	0.932	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
	Effect of gender	T _{CON}	Young	0.100	n.r.	0.637	0.006	0.031	0.304	0.171	n.r.	n.r.	0.023
			Aged	0.028	n.r.	0.271	0.622	0.225	0.937	0.401	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
		T _{CYC}	Young	n.r.	0.281	0.843	0.737	0.309	0.233	n.r.	0.277	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.599	0.471	0.933	0.002	0.734	0.536	0.061	0.015	n.r.	n.r.

Bold text show significant values ($p<0.05$). 'n.r.' indicate comparisons where one or both profiles being compared were non-rhythmic ($p>0.05$). The annotation '#' indicate significant changes in rhythmicity, where a rhythmic profile was being compared with a non-rhythmic profile, and was considered a significant change in amplitude.

Table S4. Three-way ANOVAs for the mesor, amplitude, and phase of gene expression in *Drosophila* bodies.

		Main effects			Interaction			
		Age	Sex	Temperature	Age x Sex	Age x Temperature	Sex x Temperature	Age x Sex x Temperature
Mesor	<i>Clk</i>	0.278	<0.0001	0.017	0.019	0.787	0.004	0.112
	<i>cyc</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.025	0.004	0.482	0.020	0.230
	<i>per</i>	0.409	<0.0001	0.185	0.288	0.547	0.495	0.250
	<i>tim</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.134	<0.0001	0.001	0.040	0.001
	<i>Pdp1</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.053	<0.0001	0.038	<0.0001	0.011
	<i>vri</i>	0.352	<0.0001	0.004	0.332	0.343	0.796	0.233
	<i>cry</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.017	<0.0001	0.524	0.109	0.404
	<i>Hsp83</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.101	<0.0001	0.006	0.575	0.044
	<i>Fst</i>	0.148	0.015	0.004	0.745	0.012	0.427	0.658
	<i>smp-30</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Amplitude	<i>Clk</i>	0.039	<0.0001	0.132	0.511	0.298	0.106	0.667
	<i>cyc</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<i>per</i>	0.646	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.713	0.086	0.053	0.076
	<i>tim</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.001	0.005	0.000
	<i>Pdp1</i>	0.011	<0.0001	0.017	<0.0001	0.002	0.001	0.028
	<i>vri</i>	0.145	<0.0001	0.026	0.016	0.174	0.906	0.146
	<i>cry</i>	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.182	<0.0001	0.251	0.598	0.432
	<i>Hsp83*</i>	0.005	0.032	-	0.271	-	-	-
	<i>Fst</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<i>smp-30</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phase	<i>Clk</i>	0.696	0.159	<0.0001	0.421	0.506	0.897	0.274
	<i>cyc</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<i>per</i>	0.518	0.161	0.007	0.735	0.207	0.637	0.727
	<i>tim</i>	0.007	0.002	0.029	0.113	0.215	0.300	0.521
	<i>Pdp1</i>	0.703	0.071	0.028	0.527	0.471	0.391	0.582
	<i>vri</i>	0.280	0.374	0.069	0.417	0.002	0.912	0.730
	<i>cry</i>	0.872	0.702	0.106	0.625	0.948	0.276	0.657
	<i>Hsp83*</i>	0.065	0.007	-	0.046	-	-	-
	<i>Fst</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<i>smp-30</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Bold text show significant values ($p<0.05$). CircaCompare was used to make pairwise comparisons of simple effects where main effects or interactions were significant. Two-way ANOVAs were performed when one or more profiles being compared were non-rhythmic ($p>0.05$) and a three-way ANOVA could not be performed. Missing values denoted by 'NA' are shown when neither a three-way or a two-way ANOVA could be computed from the available rhythmic profiles. In these cases, pairwise comparisons were made using CircaCompare. Rhythmicity was not taken into account in the calculation for mesor, so three-way ANOVAs were performed. *hsp** indicates a two-way ANOVA (2 levels age, 2 levels sex) was performed for the T_{Cyc} profiles for *Hsp83*.

Table S5. Table of p-values of pairwise comparisons made in CircaCompare for gene expression in *Drosophila* bodies.

	Bodies			<i>Clk</i>	<i>cyc</i>	<i>per</i>	<i>tim</i>	<i>Pdp1</i>	<i>vri</i>	<i>cry</i>	<i>Hsp83</i>	<i>Fst</i>	<i>smp-30</i>
Mesor	Effect of age	Male	T _{CON}	0.005	0.166	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.414	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000
			T _{CYC}	0.620	0.126	0.586	0.001	0.000	0.539	0.000	0.001	0.013	0.000
		Female	T _{CON}	0.043	0.211	0.022	0.281	0.023	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.088	0.000
			T _{CYC}	0.969	0.003	0.070	0.348	0.002	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.165
	Effect of temperature	Male	Young	0.213	0.281	0.922	0.055	0.224	0.077	0.592	0.839	0.364	0.685
			Aged	0.003	0.050	0.150	0.001	0.000	0.271	0.000	0.006	0.021	0.000
		Female	Young	0.491	0.356	0.289	0.007	0.039	0.590	0.549	0.422	0.980	0.003
			Aged	0.158	0.012	0.912	0.003	0.009	0.000	0.268	0.001	0.007	0.000
	Effect of gender	T _{CON}	Young	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000
			Aged	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000
		T _{CYC}	Young	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000
			Aged	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Amplitude	Effect of age	Male	T _{CON}	0.023	n.r.	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.015	0.000	#	n.r.	n.r.
			T _{CYC}	0.696	0.514	0.476	0.045	0.225	0.695	0.000	0.000	0.174	#
		Female	T _{CON}	0.104	n.r.	0.947	0.184	0.262	0.406	0.000	n.r.	n.r.	#
			T _{CYC}	0.562	n.r.	0.913	0.634	0.025	0.484	0.010	0.294	#	n.r.
	Effect of temperature	Male	Young	0.551	#	0.319	0.924	0.839	0.807	0.988	0.000	#	n.r.
			Aged	0.049	#	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.058	0.000	#	#	#
		Female	Young	0.553	n.r.	0.039	0.147	0.267	0.041	0.780	#	n.r.	#
			Aged	0.691	n.r.	0.010	0.401	0.940	0.105	0.027	#	#	n.r.
	Effect of gender	T _{CON}	Young	0.000	n.r.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	#	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.000	n.r.	0.000	0.000	0.049	0.000	0.211	n.r.	n.r.	#
		T _{CYC}	Young	0.000	#	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.093	#	#
			Aged	0.000	#	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.321	0.985	n.r.
Phase	Effect of age	Male	T _{CON}	0.299	n.r.	0.402	0.226	0.405	0.130	0.857	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			T _{CYC}	0.245	0.025	0.783	0.775	0.440	0.165	0.948	0.000	0.915	n.r.
		Female	T _{CON}	0.705	n.r.	0.181	0.012	0.691	0.024	0.638	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			T _{CYC}	0.467	n.r.	0.791	0.309	0.584	0.362	0.914	0.929	n.r.	n.r.
	Effect of temperature	Male	Young	0.040	n.r.	0.234	0.292	0.210	0.469	0.348	0.452	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.000	n.r.	0.131	0.758	0.383	0.035	0.054	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
		Female	Young	0.003	n.r.	0.824	0.045	0.139	0.310	0.729	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.031	n.r.	0.113	0.518	0.373	0.009	0.930	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
	Effect of gender	T _{CON}	Young	0.414	n.r.	0.421	0.048	0.176	0.384	0.952	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.486	n.r.	0.555	0.242	0.189	0.953	0.405	n.r.	n.r.	n.r.
		T _{CYC}	Young	0.271	n.r.	0.778	0.379	0.949	0.331	0.717	0.598	n.r.	n.r.
			Aged	0.893	n.r.	0.785	0.668	0.141	0.893	0.313	0.000	0.002	n.r.

Bold text show significant values ($p<0.05$). 'n.r.' indicate comparisons where one or both profiles being compared were non-rhythmic ($p>0.05$). The annotation '#' indicate significant changes in rhythmicity, where a rhythmic profile was being compared with a non-rhythmic profile, and was considered a significant change in amplitude.