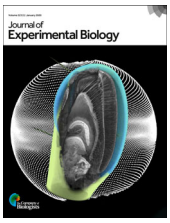

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Cover: How other animals see the world has always intrigued us, not least because their eyes are often notably different from ours. In visually mediated decision making, regional specialisations of eyes largely determine the information animals have for critical judgements. Bagheri et al. (jeb210195) present a new method for estimating the spatial resolution of compound eyes, using 3D micro-CT images of preserved animals. This method estimates the way in which a compound eye samples the visual field by mapping the viewing directions of individual photoreceptors (white dots) and calculating spatial resolution in different directions of view. This study reveals that fiddler crabs see the world with two parallel streaks located just above and below the visual horizon. Picture credit: Zahra Bagheri and Jeremy Shaw.

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